BACKGROUND

In 2005, as the United Nations reaches the milestone of sixty years, we embark on the review of the progress in implementing the Millennium Declaration adopted by the General Assembly at the level of Heads of State and Government on 8 September 2000 - whilst noting the far reaching changes that have occurred in international law. We are also in the process of responding to the recommendations made by the High-Level Panel in the report “A More Secure World – Our Shared Responsibility”. The United Nations has played a significant role in both the development and the codification of public international law and has provided an effective global forum for the negotiation of numerous multilateral treaties. The international rule of law, which the Secretary-General has committed this organization to consolidating and advancing, is increasingly becoming a key goal for the United Nations. An appreciation of international law and the multilateral treaty framework is an integral part of the management of international relations today. In addition, treaties have begun to have an increasing significance to the lives and livelihood of individuals and communities and in the business activities of corporations, underlining the ever-expanding relationship between international agreements and domestic law.

The Millennium Declaration, 2000, identified certain key objectives for the organization in the twenty-first century, including ensuring the proper implementation of treaty rights and obligations by States in areas such as arms control, disarmament, international humanitarian law and human rights law. With the growth of the multilateral treaty framework, many developments have also occurred in the practice of the Secretary-General, as depositary of multilateral treaties, and in the registration function of the Secretariat.

Against this background, countries face new challenges in order to participate in multilateral treaties, particularly in the area of signature, ratification, accession and domestic implementation of treaty rights and obligations.

The Secretary-General noted in his Millennium Report (A/54/2000), that many countries “lack the necessary expertise and resources, especially when national legislation is needed to give force to international instruments”. The United Nations Secretariat is committed to giving effect to the objectives advanced by the Secretary-General in the Report and those endorsed in the Millennium Declaration, in particular by providing training and assistance to facilitate more effective participation by countries in multilateral treaties and in the registration of bilateral treaties with the Secretariat pursuant to Article 102 of the United Nations Charter. In addition, assistance will also be coordinated in the area of the domestic implementation of treaty rights and obligations.

OBJECTIVE

The primary objective of the two-day seminar is to provide an overview on the deposit of treaty actions with the Secretary-General and the registration of treaties. The seminar is designed essentially to meet the needs of legal advisers and legal officers involved with the preparation of
treaty actions to multilateral treaties and on the registration of treaties pursuant to Article 102 of the United Nations Charter. Assistance and guidance will also be provided on the domestic aspects of participation in multilateral treaties. This will be based on the “Treaty Handbook” that has been developed and published by the Treaty Section of the United Nations Office of Legal Affairs (http://www.untreaty.un.org).

The Treaty Handbook is a practical guide to the depositary practice of the Secretary-General and the registration requirements of the Secretariat. It is designed to serve as a tool for Member States, secretariats of international organizations and legal practitioners.

ORGANIZATION
The seminar will provide participants with practical hands-on experience on the basic aspects of international treaty law and practice as well as the technical aspects of undertaking treaty actions such as signatures, ratifications, accessions, etc. It will consist of core lectures, case studies and practical exercises to assist the participants in undertaking multilateral treaty actions more effectively.

PARTICIPANTS
The seminar is designed for members of permanent missions and other legal personnel, in particular legal counsellors and legal advisers, dealing with matters of public international law and specifically treaty law. The selected candidates are requested to regard their participation as a firm commitment.

RESOURCE PERSONS
The seminar will be conducted by a team of lawyers from the Treaty Section of the United Nations Office of Legal Affairs.

WORKING LANGUAGE
The seminar will be conducted in English.

DATES AND VENUE
The seminar will be held at United Nations Headquarters in New York on Wednesday, 25 and Thursday, 26 May 2005, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 3 to 6 p.m. The exact venue and programme will be communicated to the participants in due course.

REGISTRATION
Members of the permanent missions accredited to the United Nations in New York who wish to participate in this seminar are requested to complete the attached nomination form and return it to the following address:

UNITAR c/o Mr. Vasu Vaitla
1 United Nations Plaza, Suite DC1-603
New York, NY 10017-3515
Phone: (212) 963-9684 or 9196
Fax: (212) 963-9686 or 0995

Registration deadline: Monday, 9 May 2005