enjoy the privileges, immunities and facilities nec-

ting that the International Court of Justice shall

fillment of its purposes, in the country of its seat

and elsewhere, invites the members of the Court at

t heir first session to consider this question and to

inform the Secretary-General of their recommenda-

tions.

1. The General Assembly, with a view to ensur-

ing that the International Court of Justice shall

enjoy the privileges, immunities and facilities nec-

essary for the exercise of its functions and the ful-

filment of its purposes, in the country of its seat

and elsewhere, invites the members of the Court at

t heir first session to consider this question and to

inform the Secretary-General of their recommendations.

2. The General Assembly decides that the ques-

tion of the privileges and immunities of the Court

shall be considered as soon as possible after the re-

ceipt of the recommendations of the Court.

3. The General Assembly recommends that, unti-

l further action has been taken, the rules which

have been applied to the Permanent Court of

International Justice should be observed by Mem-

bers in relation to the International Court of

Justice.

Thirty-first plenary meeting, 13 February 1946.

D.

Resolution on the Co-ordination of the

Privileges and Immunities of the United Na-

tions and the Specialized Agencies.

The General Assembly considers that there are

many advantages in the unification as far as pos-

sible of the privileges and immunities enjoyed by

the United Nations and the various specialized

agencies.

While recognizing that not all specialized agen-

cies require all the privileges and immunities which

may be needed by others, and that certain of these

may, by reason of their particular functions, re-

quire privileges of a special nature which are not

required by the United Nations itself, the General

Assembly considers that the privileges and immu-

nities of the United Nations should be regarded,

as a general rule, as a maximum within which the

various specialized agencies should enjoy such privi-

leges and immunities as the appropriate fulfilment

of their respective functions may require, and that

no privileges and immunities which are not really

necessary should be asked for.

Therefore the General Assembly instructs the

Secretary-General to open negotiations with a view

to the re-consideration, in the light both of the

General Convention adopted by the United Na-

tions and of the considerations above, of the pro-

visions under which the specialized agencies at

present enjoy privileges and immunities.

Thirty-first plenary meeting, 13 February 1946.

E.

Resolution relating to the Insurance

against Third Party Risks of Motor-cars of

the Organization and of Members of the

staff.

It has been found that a frequent source of diffi-

culty is road accidents in which motor cars, owned

or driven by persons possessing immunity from

legal process, are involved.

It is the intention of the United Nations to pre-

vent the occurrence of any abuse in connection

with privileges, immunities and facilities granted

to it under Articles 104 and 105 of the Charter and

the general convention on privileges and immu-

nities, which determines the details of the applica-

tion of these articles.

Therefore the General Assembly instructs the

Secretary-General to ensure that the drivers of all

official motor-cars of the United Nations and all

members of the staff, who own or drive motor-cars,

shall be properly insured against third party risks.

Thirty-first plenary meeting, 13 February 1946.

F.

Resolution relating to Arrangements to be

made so that Officials of Members who are

transferred or seconded for Service with the

United Nations should not lose their ac-

ruired Pension Rights by Reason of such Tran-

der or Secondment.

In order to facilitate the engagement, as mem-

bers of the staff of the United Nations, of persons

who have accrued pension rights as officials, either

of the central government of Members, or of subor-

dinate governmental or other administrative au-

thorities within the territory of Members, it is de-

irable that arrangements should be made to secure

that accrued pension rights are not lost when such

persons accept posts on the staff of the United

Nations, by way either of transfer or of secondment.

Therefore, the General Assembly recommends

that:

after such discussion with the Secretary-General

as may be necessary to settle details the govern-

ments of Members adopt such legislative or ad-

ministrative measures as may be required to pre-

serve such pension rights.

Thirty-first plenary meeting, 13 February 1946.

23(1). Registration of Treaties and

International Agreements.

The Executive Secretary sent a circular letter

to the Members of the United Nations on 8 No-

vember 1945 informing them that from the date

of the entry into force of the Charter treaties and

international agreements would be received and

filed on a provisional basis until the adoption of
detailed regulations prescribing the procedure to

be followed in the registration and publication of

treaties and international agreements under the

provisions of Article 102 of the Charter. The Ex-

ecutive Secretary also invited the Governments of

Members to transmit to the Secretariat for filing

the provisions of the entries of the League of Na-

tions. These

regarded

tong

members of the staff, who own or drive motor-cars,

shall be properly insured against third party risks.

Thirty-first plenary meeting, 13 February 1946.
Therefore, the General Assembly instructs the Secretary General:

1. To submit to the General Assembly proposals for detailed regulations and other measures designed to give effect to the provisions of Article 102 of the Charter;

2. To invite the governments of Members of the United Nations to transmit to the Secretary-General for filing and publication, treaties and international agreements entered into in recent years, but before the date of entry into force of the Charter, which had not been included in the League of Nations treaty series, and to transmit for registration and publication treaties and international agreements entered into after the date of entry into force of the Charter.

3. To receive, from the governments of non-member States, treaties and international agreements entered into both before and after the date of entry into force of the Charter, which have not been included in the League of Nations treaty series and which they may voluntarily transmit for filing and publication; and to dispose of them in accordance with the foregoing provisions, and subject to such detailed regulations and other measures as may hereafter be adopted.

Twenty-eighth plenary meeting, 10 February 1946.