TOWARDS THE PROMOTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL LEGAL FRAMEWORK ON HUMAN MOBILITY

19-23 September 2016
United Nations Headquarters
TOWARDS THE PROMOTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL LEGAL FRAMEWORK ON HUMAN MOBILITY
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THE SECRETARY-GENERAL’S LETTER OF INVITATION

23 May 2016

Excellency,

In my capacity as the depositary of more than 560 multilateral treaties, I have the honour to invite you to participate in the 2016 Treaty Event. This year, the Treaty Event will be held from 19 to 23 September 2016 at United Nations Headquarters in New York. The first day of the 2016 Treaty Event will coincide with the high-level plenary meeting on addressing Large Movements of Refugees and Migrants, taking place on 19 September. The Event is also designed to take place in conjunction with the General Debate of the seventy-first session of the General Assembly, which opens on 20 September 2016.

The Treaty Event will focus on the theme of human mobility, to underline the commitment of the United Nations to the rights of refugees and migrants at a crucial time. This body of treaty law protects the rights of people on the move, addresses irregular migration, and promotes non-discrimination. It includes treaties relating to refugees, stateless persons, human rights, economic and social rights, and justice and the environment, as well as instruments aimed at combatting trafficking in humans and smuggling of migrants. It is noted that many States maintain reservations on the social and economic rights accorded to refugees, stateless persons and international migrants in various treaties. Lifting these reservations will contribute toward implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. The Treaty Event will provide a distinct opportunity for States to sign, ratify or accede to multilateral treaties deposited with me, or withdraw reservations to treaties to which they are already party.

I wish to extend this invitation to you to make use of the 2016 Treaty Event by signing treaties for which I act as depositary and by depositing instruments of ratification or accession to those treaties. The treaties which will be highlighted
this year cover the areas of human rights, refugees and stateless persons, health, trade and transport, terrorism and criminal matters, disarmament, climate change and other environmental issues, as well as the safety of United Nations personnel. The Paris Agreement, which opened for signature on 22 April 2016 and garnered a historic record of 175 signatories on its opening, also deals with climate change–related displacement, and is among the highlighted treaties. I urge you to use the Treaty Event to ratify this important Agreement.

A list of the highlighted treaties is enclosed with this letter. I emphasize that the Event may be used to sign and ratify or accede to any other treaty of which I am the depositary. A general list of the treaties deposited with me is available on the website of the Treaty Section of the Office of Legal Affairs (https://treaties.un.org).

Should you wish to participate in the 2016 Treaty Event, kindly inform the Treaty Section of the Office of Legal Affairs, by 2 September 2016, of your intention to sign, ratify or accede to any of the treaties of which I am the depositary, so that the necessary arrangements may be made.

Please accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest consideration.

BAN Ki-moon
Excellency,

I have the honour to refer to the Secretary-General’s letter dated 23 May 2016 inviting Heads of State and Government to participate in this year’s Treaty Event which will be held from 19 to 23 September 2016 at the United Nations Headquarters in New York, in conjunction with the high-level plenary meeting on addressing Large Movements of Refugees and Migrants, taking place on 19 September, and with the general debate of the seventy-first session of the General Assembly.

The Treaty Event will highlight treaties deposited with the Secretary-General that cover areas of global concern, including human rights, refugees and stateless persons, health, trade, transport, terrorism, criminal matters, disarmament, environment and the safety of United Nations personnel and associated personnel. The Treaty Event may be used to sign and ratify or accede to any treaty for which the Secretary-General acts as depositary.

It is noted that, consistent with the rules of international law and the practice of the Secretary-General as depositary of multilateral treaties, a Head of State, Head of Government or Minister for Foreign Affairs does not require full powers to execute a treaty action in person. Furthermore, full powers are not required in cases where an instrument conferring general full powers has been issued to a designated person and has been deposited with the Secretary-General in advance.

Where a signature of a treaty deposited with the Secretary-General is to be undertaken by a person other than the Head of State, the Head of Government or the Minister for Foreign Affairs, duly executed full powers are necessary.
The Secretary-General’s requirements for a valid instrument of full powers include the following:

- Title of the treaty;
- Full name and title of the person duly authorized to sign the treaty concerned;
- Date and place of signature; and
- Signature of the Head of State, Head of Government or Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession must also be issued and signed by one of the above three authorities, and should include all declarations and reservations related thereto.

Full powers and instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession should be submitted for verification to the Treaty Section well in advance of the intended date of the relevant treaty action. Further information on full powers and instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession can be obtained from the Treaty Handbook. This document and other publications of the Treaty Section are available online at https://treaties.un.org. The website also provides updated information on the status of all treaties deposited with the Secretary-General.

Advice before 2 September 2016 on your Government’s intention to sign, ratify or accede to any of the multilateral treaties deposited with the Secretary-General would assist us in making the necessary arrangements, including appropriate media coverage. It is requested that appointments be made by contacting the Treaty Section of the Office of Legal Affairs (telephone: (212) 963-5047; fax: (212) 963-3693).

We look forward to your Government’s participation in the 2016 Treaty Event.

Please accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest consideration.

Miguel de Serpa Soares
Under-Secretary-General for Legal Affairs and United Nations Legal Counsel
FOREWORD

On 19 September 2016, the United Nations General Assembly will convene a high-level plenary meeting on ‘addressing large movements of refugees and migrants’. This event—the first of its kind for the United Nations—will provide an opportunity for States to adopt concrete measures to address the reasons which lead large numbers of people to leave their countries and to respond effectively when they reach their destinations. The Secretary-General’s report, In Safety and Dignity, spells out a number of recommendations to meet the needs of refugees and migrants in transit and upon arrival, to share responsibilities for refugees more effectively and to strengthen international governance of migration.

In 2015, there were 244 million international migrants and refugees worldwide. Large movements of people are likely to continue and increase as a result of violent conflict, poverty, inequality, climate change, disasters and environmental degradation. Despite valiant efforts, international responses to such movements have too often been inadequate. As the Secretary-General’s report emphasizes, individual countries cannot cope with these issues on their own. Our systems of international cooperation and action to address large movements of refugees and migrants must be enhanced. Central to these efforts is the need to strengthen the legal framework governing migration and to reinforce that for refugees.

I am grateful, therefore, that this year’s Treaty Event will focus on treaties relating to human mobility as a way of underlining the United Nations’ commitment to the rights of refugees and migrants. This body of treaty law protects the rights of people on the move, addresses irregular migration and promotes non-discrimination. It includes treaties relating to refugees, stateless persons, human rights, economic and social rights, justice and the environment, as well as instruments aimed at combatting trafficking and criminal smuggling. Many States maintain reservations on the social and economic rights accorded to refugees, stateless persons and international migrants in various treaties.
The Treaty Event will provide a distinct opportunity for States to sign, ratify or accede to multilateral treaties or withdraw reservations to treaties to which they are already party.

In this respect, my hope is that States will take advantage of this Treaty Event to promote the international legal framework on human mobility. The 19 September High-Level Plenary Meeting is an opportune moment for States and the international community at large to reaffirm their commitment to the rights of all those who cross international borders, whether as refugees or as migrants. Strengthening the international legal framework will improve our ability to address the issues faced by those on the move and to uphold their rights. It is my hope that the Treaty Event will allow—and encourage—States to make a tangible commitment to addressing large movements of refugees and migrants.

Karen Abu Zayd
Special Adviser for the High-Level Plenary on Addressing Large Movements of Refugees and Migrants
Multilateral treaties to be highlighted at the 2016 Treaty Event
MULTILATERAL TREATIES TO BE HIGHLIGHTED
AT THE 2016 TREATY EVENT

Human rights

7. Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. New York, 10 December 1984

Refugees and stateless persons


Health

Trade, Transport

17. Multilateral Agreement for the Establishment of an International Think Tank for Landlocked Developing Countries. New York, 24 September 2010

Terrorism, Criminal matters

23. Amendment to article 8 of the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court. Kampala, 10 June 2010

Disarmament

32. Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons which may be deemed to be Excessively Injurious or
to have Indiscriminate Effects (with Protocols I, II and III).
Geneva, 10 October 1980

33. Additional Protocol to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on
the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons which may be deemed to be
Excessively Injurious or to have Indiscriminate Effects (Protocol IV, entitled

34. Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps
and Other Devices as amended on 3 May 1996 (Protocol II as amended
on 3 May 1996) annexed to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions
on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons which may be deemed to be
Excessively Injurious or to have Indiscriminate Effects. Geneva, 3 May 1996

35. Amendment to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use
of Certain Conventional Weapons which may be deemed to be Excessively
Injurious or to have Indiscriminate Effects. Geneva, 21 December 2001

or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons which may
be deemed to be Excessively Injurious or to have Indiscriminate Effects

and Use of Chemical Weapons and on their Destruction.
Geneva, 3 September 1992


39. Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and
Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction.
Oslo, 18 September 1997


41. Central African Convention for the Control of Small Arms and Light
Weapons, their Ammunition and all Parts and Components that can be used
for their Manufacture, Repair and Assembly. Kinshasa, 30 April 2010

42. Arms Trade Treaty. New York, 2 April 2013

Environment

43. Amendment to the Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary
Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal.
Geneva, 22 September 1995

44. Paris Agreement. Paris, 12 December 2015)

45. Nagoya–Kuala Lumpur Supplementary Protocol on Liability and Redress to
the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety. Nagoya, 15 October 2010

Safety of United Nations and associated personnel


The following is a list of treaties which are close to achieving universal participation.
**TREATIES DEPOSITED WITH THE SECRETARY-GENERAL CLOSE TO UNIVERSAL PARTICIPATION**  
(STATUS AS OF 27 MAY 2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TREATY</th>
<th>NUMBER OF PARTIES (as of 27 May 2016)¹</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vienna Convention for the Protection of the Ozone Layer. Vienna, 22 March 1985</td>
<td>197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. Montreal, 16 September 1987</td>
<td>197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. London, 29 June 1990</td>
<td>197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. Copenhagen, 25 November 1992</td>
<td>197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer adopted by the Ninth Meeting of the Parties. Montreal, 17 September 1997</td>
<td>197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. Beijing, 3 December 1999</td>
<td>197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa. Paris, 14 October 1994</td>
<td>195</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ This number may include both Member States of the United Nations and other States or entities (such as international organizations), depending on the final clauses of the respective treaties.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>TREATY</strong></th>
<th><strong>NUMBER OF PARTIES</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations. Vienna, 18 April 1961</td>
<td>190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Nations Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances. Vienna, 20 December 1988</td>
<td>189</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women. New York, 18 December 1979</td>
<td>189</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convention on Psychotropic Substances. Vienna, 21 February 1971</td>
<td>183</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treaty</td>
<td>Number of Parties</td>
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<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vienna Convention on Consular Relations. Vienna, 24 April 1963</td>
<td>179</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agreement establishing the International Fund for Agricultural Development. Rome, 13 June 1976</td>
<td>176</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Convention Against the Taking of Hostages. New York, 17 December 1979</td>
<td>174</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety to the Convention on Biological Diversity. Montreal, 29 January 2000</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights. New York, 16 December 1966</td>
<td>168</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treaty</td>
<td>Number of Parties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.</td>
<td>164</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York, 16 December 1966</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty.</td>
<td>164</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York, 10 September 1996</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child</td>
<td>165</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>on the involvement of children in armed conflict.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York, 25 May 2000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.</td>
<td>164</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York, 13 December 2006</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production</td>
<td>162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oslo, 18 September 1997</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations.</td>
<td>162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York, 13 February 1946</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman</td>
<td>159</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Degrading Treatment or Punishment.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York, 10 December 1984</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

2 Since the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty has not yet entered into force, this figure indicates the number of States that have deposited their instrument of consent to be bound by the Treaty.
A simple signature (signature subject to ratification) is permitted for most multilateral treaties for a specified period of time, though some multilateral treaties remain open for signature indefinitely. By signing, the State has not expressed its consent to be bound by the treaty, which does not occur until the State ratifies, accepts or approves the treaty. However, a signature does mean that a State is obliged, in good faith, to refrain from acts that would defeat the object and purpose of the treaty (article 18 of the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties of 1969).
SELECTED MULTILATERAL TREATIES
DEPOSITED WITH THE SECRETARY-GENERAL
WHICH ARE OPEN FOR SIGNATURE

9. Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. New York, 10 December 1984
10. Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. New York, 18 December 2002


23. Central African Convention for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons, their Ammunition and all Parts and Components that can be used for their Manufacture, Repair and Assembly. Kinshasa, 30 April 2010


27. Paris Agreement. Paris, 12 December 2015
MULTILATERAL TREATIES DEPOSITED WITH THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

The following is a complete list of Multilateral Treaties Deposited with the Secretary-General
MULTILATERAL TREATIES DEPOSITED WITH THE SECRETARY-GENERAL  
(AS OF 27 MAY 2016)³

UNITED NATIONS MULTILATERAL TREATIES

Chapter I.
Charter of the United Nations and Statute of the International Court of Justice

2. Declarations of acceptance of the obligations contained in the Charter of the United Nations—Admission of States to Membership in the United Nations in accordance with Article 4 of the Charter. San Francisco, 24 October 1945
4. Declarations recognizing as compulsory the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice under Article 36, paragraph 2, of the Statute of the Court.

Chapter II.
Pacific settlement of international disputes

1. Revised General Act for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes. New York, 28 April 1949

³ The numbers assigned to the treaties in this list reflect those used in the United Nations Treaty Collection at https://treaties.un.org.

2016 TREATY EVENT
Chapter III.
Privileges and immunities, diplomatic and consular relations, etc.

4. Optional Protocol to the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations, concerning Acquisition of Nationality. Vienna, 18 April 1961
7. Optional Protocol to the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations concerning Acquisition of Nationality. Vienna, 24 April 1963
10. Optional Protocol to the Convention on Special Missions concerning the compulsory settlement of disputes. New York, 8 December 1969
12. Vienna Convention on Succession of States in Respect of State Property, Archives and Debts. Vienna, 8 April 1983

Chapter IV.
Human rights

9. Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. New York, 10 December 1984
  9.a. Amendments to articles 17 (7) and 18 (5) of the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. New York, 8 September 1992
  9.b. Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. New York, 18 December 2002

Chapter V.
Refugees and stateless persons

Chapter VI.
Narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances
2. International Opium Convention. The Hague, 23 January 1912


8.a. Convention for limiting the Manufacture and regulating the Distribution of Narcotic Drugs. Geneva, 13 July 1931


10. Agreement concerning the Suppression of Opium Smoking. Bangkok, 27 November 1931


13. Protocol Bringing under International Control Drugs Outside the Scope of the Convention of 13 July 1931 for Limiting the Manufacture and Regulating the Distribution of Narcotic Drugs, as amended by the Protocol signed at Lake Success, New York, on 11 December 1946. Paris, 19 November 1948

14. Protocol for Limiting and Regulating the Cultivation of the Poppy Plant, the Production of, International and Wholesale Trade in, and use of Opium. New York, 23 June 1953


Chapter VII.
Traffic in persons


Chapter VIII.
Obscene publications
1. Protocol to amend the Convention for the suppression of the circulation of, and traffic in, obscene publications, concluded at Geneva on 12 September 1923. Lake Success, New York, 12 November 1947


**Chapter IX. Health**


3. Agreement on the establishment of the International Vaccine Institute. New York, 28 October 1996

Chapter X.
International trade and development

1.a. General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade. Geneva, 30 October 1947
1.c. Agreement on most-favoured-nation treatment for areas of Western Germany under military occupation. Geneva, 14 September 1948
1.d. Memorandum of understanding relative to application to the Western Sectors of Berlin of the Agreement on most-favoured-nation treatment for areas of Western Germany under military occupation. Annecy, 13 August 1949
2. Agreement establishing the African Development Bank. Khartoum, 4 August 1963
2.a. Amendments to the Agreement establishing the African Development Bank. Abidjan, 17 May 1979
2.b. Agreement establishing the African Development Bank done at Khartoum on 4 August 1963, as amended by resolution 05-79 adopted by the Board of Governors on 17 May 1979. Lusaka, 7 May 1982
4. Agreement establishing the Asian Development Bank. Manila, 4 December 1965
5. Articles of Association for the establishment of an Economic Community of West Africa. Accra, 4 May 1967
11. Charter of the Asian and Pacific Development Centre. Bangkok, 1 April 1982
14. Agreement to establish the South Centre. Geneva, 1 September 1994
19. Multilateral Agreement for the Establishment of an International Think Tank for Landlocked Developing Countries. New York, 24 September 2010

Chapter XI.
Transport and communications

A. Customs matters

by Road, relating to the International Transport of goods by container under the T.I.R. Carnet Régime. Geneva, 11 March 1950


5. International Convention to Facilitate the Importation of Commercial Samples and Advertising Material. Geneva, 7 November 1952


**B. Road traffic**


2. Protocol concerning countries or territories at present occupied. Geneva, 19 September 1949
5. European Agreement on the application of article 3 of annex 7 of the 1949 Convention on Road Traffic Concerning the Dimensions and Weights of Vehicles Permitted to Travel on Certain Roads of the Contracting Parties. Geneva, 16 September 1950
6. European Agreement on the application of article 23 of the 1949 Convention on road traffic, concerning the dimensions and weights of vehicles permitted to travel on certain roads of the Contracting Parties. Geneva, 16 September 1950
7. Declaration on the construction of main international traffic arteries. Geneva, 16 September 1950
8. General Agreement on Economic Regulations for International Road transport
8.a. Additional Protocol
14.b. Protocol amending article 1 (a), article 14 (1) and article 14 (3) (b) of the European Agreement of 30 September 1957 concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Geneva, 28 October 1993
15. European Agreement on Road Markings. Geneva, 13 December 1957
16. Agreement concerning the Adoption of Uniform Technical Prescriptions for Wheeled Vehicles, Equipment and Parts which can be fitted and/or be used on Wheeled Vehicles and the Conditions for Reciprocal Recognition of Approvals Granted on the Basis of These Prescriptions. Geneva, 20 March 1958
17. Agreement on Special Equipment for the Transport of Perishable Foodstuffs and on the Use of such Equipment for the International Transport of some of those Foodstuffs. Geneva, 15 January 1962
20. Convention on Road Signs and Signals. Vienna, 8 November 1968
22. Agreement on the International Carriage of Perishable Foodstuffs and on the Special Equipment to be used for such Carriage (ATP). Geneva, 1 September 1970
25. Protocol on Road Markings, additional to the European Agreement supplementing the Convention on Road Signs and Signals opened for signature at Vienna on 8 November 1968. Geneva, 1 March 1973
27. Agreement on minimum requirements for the issue and validity of driving permits (APC). Geneva, 1 April 1975

28. European Agreement on main international traffic arteries (AGR). Geneva, 15 November 1975

28.a. Amendments to Article 9 of the European Agreement on main international traffic arteries (AGR). Geneva, 29 March 2007


31. Agreement concerning the Adoption of Uniform Conditions for Periodical Technical Inspections of Wheeled Vehicles and the Reciprocal Recognition of such Inspections. Vienna, 13 November 1997


31.2. Rule No. 2. Uniform provisions for periodical technical inspections of wheeled vehicles with regard to their roadworthiness. Geneva, 13 November 2009

32. Agreement concerning the Establishing of Global Technical Regulations for Wheeled Vehicles, Equipment and Parts which can be fitted and/or be used on Wheeled Vehicles. Geneva, 25 June 1998

33. Agreement on International Roads in the Arab Mashreq. Beirut, 10 May 2001

34. Intergovernmental Agreement on the Asian Highway Network. Bangkok, 18 November 2003

C. Transport by rail

1. International Convention to facilitate the crossing of frontiers for passengers and baggage carried by rail. Geneva, 10 January 1952

2. International Convention to facilitate the crossing of frontiers for goods carried by rail. Geneva, 10 January 1952


4. Agreement on International Railways in the Arab Mashreq. Beirut, 14 April 2003

5. Intergovernmental Agreement on the Trans-Asian Railway Network. Jakarta, 12 April 2006

**D. Water transport**


2. Convention on the contract for the international carriage of passengers and luggage by inland waterway (CVN). Geneva, 6 February 1976


**E. Multimodal Transport**


3. Intergovernmental Agreement on Dry Ports. Bangkok, 1 May 2013
Chapter XII.
Navigation

   Geneva, 6 March 1948

1.a. Amendments to articles 17 and 18 of the Convention on the International
     Maritime Organization. London, 15 September 1964

1.b. Amendment to article 28 of the Convention on the International Maritime
     Organization. London, 28 September 1965

1.c. Amendments to articles 10, 16, 17, 18, 20, 28, 31 and 32 of the
     Convention on the International Maritime Organization.
     London, 17 October 1974

1.d. Amendments to the title and substantive provisions of the Convention
     on the International Maritime Organization.
     London, 14 November 1975 and 9 November 1977

1.e. Amendments to articles 17, 18, 20 and 51 of the Convention on the
     International Maritime Organization. London, 15 November 1979

1.f. Amendments to the Convention on the International Maritime Organization
     relating to the institutionalization of the Committee on Technical Co-
     operation in the Convention. London, 17 November 1977

1.g. Amendments to the Convention on the International Maritime Organization,
     (institutionalization of the Facilitation Committee).
     London, 7 November 1991

1.h. Amendments to the Convention on the International Maritime Organization.
     London, 4 November 1993

2. Convention regarding the Measurement and Registration of Vessels
    Employed in Inland Navigation. Bangkok, 22 June 1956

3. Convention relating to the unification of certain rules concerning collisions
    in inland navigation. Geneva, 15 March 1960

   Geneva, 25 January 1965

5. Convention on the measurement of inland navigation vessels.
   Geneva, 15 February 1966

   Geneva, 6 April 1974

   Geneva, 7 February 1986

Chapter XIII.
Economic statistics


Chapter XIV.
Educational and cultural matters


6. International Agreement for the Establishment of the University for Peace. New York, 5 December 1980

7. Statutes of the International Centre for Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology. Madrid, 13 September 1983


7.b. Amendments to Articles 6 (6) and 7(1) of the Statutes of the International Centre for Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology. Trieste, Italy, 3 December 1996

7.c. Protocol to the Statutes of the International Centre for Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology on the Seat of the Centre. Trieste, Italy, 24 October 2007
Chapter XV.

Declaration of death of missing persons


Chapter XVI.

Status of women


Chapter XVII.

Freedom of information


Chapter XVIII.

Penal matters

2. Slavery Convention, signed at Geneva on 25 September 1926 and amended by the Protocol. New York, 7 December 1953
4. Supplementary Convention on the Abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade, and Institutions and Practices Similar to Slavery. Geneva, 7 September 1956
10.a. Amendment to article 8 of the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court. Kampala, 10 June 2010
10.b. Amendments on the crime of aggression to the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court. Kampala, 11 June 2010

Chapter XIX. Commodities
7. Agreement establishing the Asian Coconut Community. Bangkok, 12 December 1968
8. Agreement establishing the International Pepper Community. Bangkok, 16 April 1971
11. Agreement establishing the Asian Rice Trade Fund. Bangkok, 16 March 1973
17. Agreement establishing the Southeast Asia Tin Research and Development Centre. Bangkok, 28 April 1977
23. Sixth International Tin Agreement. Geneva, 26 June 1981
25.g. Fourth Extension of the International Coffee Agreement, 1983, as modified. London, 1 October 1993
49. International Agreement on Olive Oil and Table Olives, 2015. Geneva, 9 October 2015

Chapter XX.
Maintenance obligations

Chapter XXI.
Law of the sea

Chapter XXII.
Commercial arbitration

Chapter XXIII.
Law of treaties

Chapter XXIV.
Outer space
1. Convention on registration of objects launched into outer space. New York, 12 November 1974
2. Agreement governing the Activities of States on the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies. New York, 5 December 1979

Chapter XXV.
Telecommunications
   2.a. Amendment to article 11, paragraph 2 (a), of the Constitution of the Asia-Pacific Telecommunity. Bangkok, 13 November 1981
   2.b. Amendments to articles 3 (5) and 9 (8) of the Constitution of the Asia-Pacific Telecommunity. Colombo, 29 November 1991
   2.c. Amendments to the Constitution of the Asia-Pacific Telecommunity. New Delhi, 23 October 2002
3. Agreement establishing the Asia-Pacific Institute for Broadcasting Development. Kuala Lumpur, 12 August 1977
   3.a. Amendments to the Agreement establishing the Asia-Pacific Institute for Broadcasting Development. Islamabad, 21 July 1999

Chapter XXVI. Disarmament

1. Convention on the prohibition of military or any other hostile use of environmental modification techniques. New York, 10 December 1976
2.c. Amendment to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons which may be deemed to be Excessively Injurious or to have Indiscriminate Effects. Geneva, 21 December 2001
7. Central African Convention for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons, their Ammunition and all Parts and Components that can be used for their Manufacture, Repair and Assembly. Kinshasa, 30 April 2010
Chapter XXVII.
Environment

   Geneva, 13 November 1979

1.a. Protocol to the 1979 Convention on Long-range Transboundary Air Pollution
    on Long-term Financing of the Co-operative Programme for Monitoring
    and Evaluation of the Long-range Transmission of Air Pollutants in Europe
    (EMEP). Geneva, 28 September 1984

1.b. Protocol to the 1979 Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution
    on the Reduction of Sulphur Emissions or their Transboundary Fluxes
    by at least 30 per cent. Helsinki, 8 July 1985

1.c. Protocol to the 1979 Convention on long-range transboundary air
    pollution concerning the control of emissions of nitrogen oxides or their
    transboundary fluxes. Sofia, 31 October 1988

1.d. Protocol to the 1979 Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution
    concerning the Control of Emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds or their

1.e. Protocol to the 1979 Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution
    on Further Reduction of Sulphur Emissions. Oslo, 14 June 1994

1.f. Protocol to the 1979 Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution
    on Heavy Metals. Aarhus, 24 June 1998

1.g. Protocol to the 1979 Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution

1.h. Protocol to the 1979 Convention on Long-range Transboundary Air Pollution
    to Abate Acidification, Eutrophication and Ground-level Ozone. Gothenburg
    (Sweden), 30 November 1999

1.i. Amendments to the text and to annexes I, II, III, IV, VI and VIII to the 1998

1.j. Amendments to Annexes I and II to the 1998 Protocol on Persistent Organic

1.k. Amendment of the text and annexes II to IX to the Protocol to the 1979
    Convention on Long-range Transboundary Air Pollution to Abate Acidification,
    Eutrophication and Ground-level Ozone and the addition of new annexes X
    and XI. Geneva, 4 May 2012

1.l. Amendments to the Text of and Annexes other than III and VII to the 1998

   Vienna, 22 March 1985
2.a. Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. Montreal, 16 September 1987

2.b. Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. London, 29 June 1990

2.c. Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. Copenhagen, 25 November 1992

2.d. Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. Montreal, 17 September 1997

2.e. Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. Beijing, 3 December 1999


4.c. Amendment to the Convention on Environmental Impact Assessment in a Transboundary Context. Cavtat, 4 June 2004


7.c. Doha amendment to the Kyoto Protocol. Doha, 8 December 2012
9a. Amendment to the Agreement on the conservation of small cetaceans of the Baltic, North East Atlantic, Irish and North Seas. Esbjerg, 22 August 2003


Chapter XXVIII.
Fiscal matters


Chapter XXIX.
Miscellaneous

1. Agreement on Succession Issues. Vienna, 29 June 2001
LEAGUE OF NATIONS MULTILATERAL TREATIES

1. International Convention concerning the Use of Broadcasting in the Cause of Peace. Geneva, 23 September 1936
2. Special Protocol concerning Statelessness. The Hague, 12 April 1930
3. Protocol relating to a Certain Case of Statelessness. The Hague, 12 April 1930
19. Declaration recognising the Right to a Flag of States having no Sea-coast. Barcelona, 20 April 1921
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<td>International Convention relating to the Simplification of Customs Formalities.</td>
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TOWARDS THE PROMOTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL LEGAL FRAMEWORK ON HUMAN MOBILITY