TREATY EVENT

2013 Towards Universal Participation and Implementation

24-26 September and 30 September-1 October 2013

United Nations Headquarters

UNITED NATIONS
TABLE OF CONTENTS

v Forword

vii UN Secretay-General’s Letter of Invitation

ix Procedural Information Letter from the Legal Counsel

1 Highlighted Treaties

7 Multilateral Treaties Close to Achieving Universal Participation

13 Multilateral Treaties Open for Signature

18 Deposited with the Secretary-General

18 United Nations Multilateral Treaties

41 League of Nations Multilateral Treaties
FOREWORD

Millions of children in every region around the world suffer daily from violence, exploitation and abuse. An estimated two million children and adolescents worldwide are exploited in prostitution and pornography or trafficked for sexual purposes. Millions more are engaged in forced labour. The consequences of these serious child rights violations could last a lifetime.

Growing up in conflict, hundreds of thousands of children continue to be used by armed forces and groups in diverse roles that all put them at great risk—including as combatants, human shields, spies, porters, messengers, cooks, or for sexual purposes. Separated from their families and sent to the frontline, they experience, and at times are forced to commit, grave violations.

Poverty, deprivation of a protective family environment, lack of access to education, armed conflict, weak legal protection for girls and boys, and the lack of adequate birth registration systems and other protective mechanisms are some of the root causes of these serious child rights violations.

The Convention on the Rights of the Child and its first two Optional Protocols—on the involvement of children in armed conflict and on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography—provide binding standards for strong protection for children which have a positive impact on their lives. An increasing number of countries have abolished recruitment of persons below the age of 18 years for use in armed conflict and criminalized the use of children in armed conflict in national legislation. Likewise, many countries have criminalized the sale of children, and the exploitation of children in prostitution and pornography, introduced legal standards for the protection of child victims in criminal justice proceedings and the recognition of their right to seek compensation. These important standards have laid the basis for international cooperation to fight impunity within and across borders.

Hence, ratification and effective implementation of the Protocols establish the foundation for safeguarding children’s rights and their protection from violence, abuse and exploitation including in situations of armed conflict.

For this reason, the Secretary-General, supported by our Offices and Agencies, the Special Rapporteur on the Sale of Children, Child Prostitution and Child Pornography,
the Committee on the Rights of the Child and civil society partners, launched in May 2010 a global campaign aimed at the universal ratification and effective implementation of the first two Optional Protocols. Since then, significant progress has been made: twenty-six more States have ratified the Optional Protocol on the Sale of Children, Child Prostitution and Child Pornography, making a total number of 163 States parties; and nineteen States have ratified the Optional Protocol on the Involvement of Children in Armed Conflict, resulting to date in a total of 151 ratifications.

We invite all Member States to participate in this year’s Treaty Event, organized on the occasion of the high-level segment of the General Assembly. We strongly encourage States to use the Event to advance the universal ratification and effective application of these important treaties.

Member States are also encouraged to ratify a new third Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a Communications Procedure, which has already been ratified by six States parties and signed by thirty-six. Four more ratifications are required before this third instrument will enter into force. The Protocol will allow children to submit individual communications on the violations of their rights to the Committee on the Rights of the Child.

Accession, or signature followed by ratification, supported by effective implementation of the three Protocols will provide a comprehensive system of protection for all children, including those in the most vulnerable situations. We call on all Member States to join our efforts to make the world a safer place for children.

Excellency,

As the depositary of more than 550 multilateral treaties, I have the honour to refer to the United Nations Treaty Event. The 2013 Treaty Event will be held from 24 to 26 September and from 30 September to 1 October 2013 at the United Nations Headquarters in New York.

The opening of the Treaty Event will coincide with the General Debate of the 68th session of the General Assembly, which opens on 24 September 2013. The Treaty Event has proven to be an effective means for promoting wider participation of States in the multilateral treaty framework and thereby fostering the rule of law at the international level. Since 2000, annual Treaty Events have attracted a total of 1,765 treaty actions. Today, many treaties enjoy broad participation, but most fall short of the goal of universal participation. I therefore ask you to join efforts to advance the universal application of the framework of internationally agreed-upon norms and standards. Universal participation and implementation of treaties remains an ambitious yet important goal, requiring the combined efforts of all States.

The Treaty Event provides a distinct opportunity for States to fulfil their pledges, made in national and international forums, to sign on to, and particularly to ratify and adhere to, multilateral treaties deposited with me.

I wish to extend this invitation to you to make use of the 2013 Treaty Event by signing treaties and by depositing instruments of ratification or accession to those treaties for which I act as the depositary, thus contributing to the goal of universal participation. Treaties covering the areas of human rights, rights of the child, refugees and stateless persons, international trade, terrorism, criminal matters, law of the sea, outer space, disarmament and privileges and immunities and the safety of United Nations personnel will be highlighted at this year’s Event. A list of the highlighted treaties is enclosed with this letter; a general list of the treaties deposited with me is available on the website of the Treaty Section of the Office of Legal Affairs (http://treaties.un.org).
If you wish to join me at the 2013 Treaty Event, kindly inform me by 6 September 2013 of your intention to sign, ratify or accede to any of the treaties of which I am the depositary, so that the necessary arrangements can be made.

Please accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest consideration.

BAN Ki-moon
The Secretary-General’s requirements for a valid instrument of full powers must include the following:

- Title of the treaty
- Full name and title of the person duly authorized to sign the treaty concerned
- Date and place of signature; and
- Signature of the Head of State, Head of Government or Foreign Minister

Instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession must also be issued and signed by one of the above three authorities, and should include all declarations and reservations related thereto. Full powers and instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession should be submitted for verification to the Treaty Section well in advance of the intended date of the relevant treaty action. Further information on full powers and instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession can be obtained from the Treaty Handbook. This document and other publications of the Treaty Section are available in the United Nations Treaty Collection on the website at http://treaties.un.org.

Advice before 6 September 2013 on your Government’s intention to sign, ratify or accede to any of the multilateral treaties deposited with the Secretary-General would assist us in making the necessary arrangements, including appropriate media coverage. The United Nations Treaty Collection website mentioned above provides updated information on the status of all treaties deposited with the Secretary-General. It is requested that appointments be made by contacting the Treaty Section of the Office of Legal Affairs (telephone: (+1-212) 963-5047; fax: (+1-212) 963-3693).

We look forward to your Government’s participation in the 2013 Treaty Event.

Please accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest consideration.

Patricia O’Brien
Under-Secretary-General
for Legal Affairs
The Legal Counsel
**Human Rights, Rights of the Child**

1. Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights (New York, 10 December 2008)*
2. International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of their Families (New York, 18 December 1990)*

**Refugees and Stateless Persons**


**Trade**


**Terrorism, Criminal Matters**

15. International Convention Against the Taking of Hostages (New York, 17 December 1979)

23.a. Amendment to article 8 of the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court (Kampala, 10 June 2010)
23.b. Amendments on the crime of aggression to the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court (Kampala, 11 June 2010)

**Law of the Sea**


**Outer Space**

28. Convention on registration of objects launched into outer space (New York, 12 November 1974)
29. Agreement governing the Activities of States on the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies (New York, 5 December 1979)

* Denotes treaties open for signature.
**Disarmament**


30.1. Amendment to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons which may be deemed to be Excessively Injurious or to have Indiscriminate Effects (Geneva, 21 December 2001)


35. Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty (New York, 10 September 1996)*

36. Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction (Oslo, 18 September 1997)


38. Central African Convention for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons, their Ammunition and all Parts and Components that can be used for their Manufacture, Repair and Assembly (Kinshasa, 30 April 2010)*

**Biodiversity**


**Privileges and immunities, and the safety of United Nations and associated personnel**


**Agreements recently adopted**

47. Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Trade in Tobacco Products (Seoul, 12 November 2012)*

48. Doha Amendment to the Kyoto Protocol (Doha, 8 December 2012)

49. Arms Trade Treaty (New York, 2 April 2013)*

* Denotes treaties open for signature.
The following is a list of treaties close to achieving universal participation.
**LIST OF GLOBAL TREATIES DEPOSITED WITH THE SECRETARY-GENERAL CLOSE TO UNIVERSAL PARTICIPATION**

*(status as of 7 June 2013)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title of the Treaty</th>
<th>Number of Instruments of Consent to be Bound Deposited as of 7 June 2013</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa. Paris, 14 October 1994</td>
<td>195</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer adopted by the Ninth Meeting of the Parties. Montreal, 17 September 1997</td>
<td>194</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations. Vienna, 18 April 1961</td>
<td>189</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 This list contains treaties that have not yet attained universal participation (i.e., not all United Nations Member States are parties thereto.)

2 This number may include instruments from Member States of the United Nations and other entities, pursuant to the final clauses of each treaty.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title of the Treaty</th>
<th>Number of Instruments of Consent to be Bound Deposited as of 7 June 2013</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vienna Convention on Consular Relations. Vienna, 24 April 1963</td>
<td>176</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agreement establishing the International Fund for Agricultural Development. Rome, 13 June 1976</td>
<td>172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Convention Against the Taking of Hostages. New York, 17 December 1979</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights. New York, 16 December 1966</td>
<td>167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety to the Convention on Biological Diversity. Montreal, 29 January 2000</td>
<td>166</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction. Oslo, 18 September 1997</td>
<td>161</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty. New York, 10 September 1996</td>
<td>159</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The list below is of those treaties which are currently open for signature.

Simple signature (signature subject to ratification) is permitted for most multilateral treaties for a specified period of time, though some multilateral treaties remain open for signature indefinitely. By signature, the State has not expressed its consent to be bound by the treaty, which does not occur until the State ratifies, accepts or approves the treaty. Signature does mean that a State is obliged, in good faith, to refrain from acts that would defeat the object and purpose of the treaty (articles 18 of the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties of 1969).
## Multilateral Treaties Deposited with the Secretary-General Which Are Open for Signature

9. Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. New York, 10 December 1984
10. Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. New York, 18 December 2002
25. Central African Convention for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons, their Ammunition and all Parts and Components that can be used for their Manufacture, Repair and Assembly. Kinshasa, 30 April 2010
27. Arms Trade Treaty. New York, 2 April 2013
The following is a complete list of Multilateral Treaties Deposited with the Secretary-General.
UNITED NATIONS MULTILATERAL TREATIES

(As of 7 June 2013)

CHAPTER I. CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND STATUTE OF THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE

2. Declarations of Acceptance of the Obligations contained in the Charter of the United Nations—Admission of States to Membership in the United Nations in accordance with Article 4 of the Charter. San Francisco, 24 October 1945
4. Declarations recognizing as compulsory the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice under Article 36, paragraph 2, of the Statute of the Court


CHAPTER II. PACIFIC SETTLEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES

1. Revised General Act for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes. New York, 28 April 1949

CHAPTER III. PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES, DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR RELATIONS, ETC.


4. Optional Protocol to the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations, concerning Acquisition of Nationality. Vienna, 18 April 1961
7. Optional Protocol to the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations concerning Acquisition of Nationality. Vienna, 24 April 1963
10. Optional Protocol to the Convention on Special Missions concerning the compulsory settlement of disputes. New York, 8 December 1969
12. Vienna Convention on Succession of States in Respect of State Property, Archives and Debits. Vienna, 8 April 1983

CHAPTER IV. HUMAN RIGHTS


The numbers assigned to the treaties in this list reflect those used in the United Nations Treaty Collection at http://treaties.un.org
CHAPTER VI. NARCOTIC DRUGS AND PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES

2. International Opium Convention. The Hague, 23 January 1912
8.a. Convention for limiting the Manufacture and regulating the Distribution of Narcotic Drugs. Geneva, 13 July 1931
10. Agreement concerning the Suppression of Opium Smoking. Bangkok, 27 November 1931
13. Protocol Bringing under International Control Drugs Outside the Scope of the Convention of 13 July 1931 for Limiting the Manufacture and Regulating the Distribution of Narcotic Drugs, as amended by the Protocol signed at Lake Success, New York, on 11 December 1946. Paris, 19 November 1948
14. Protocol for Limiting and Regulating the Cultivation of the Poppy Plant, the Production of, International and Wholesale Trade in, and use of Opium. New York, 23 June 1953

CHAPTER V. REFUGEES AND STATELESS PERSONS


9. Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. New York, 10 December 1984
9.a. Amendments to articles 17 (7) and 18 (5) of the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. New York, 8 September 1992
9.b. Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. New York, 18 December 2002

MULTILATERAL TREATIES DEPOSITED WITH THE SECRETARY-GENERAL
CHAPTER VII. TRAFFIC IN PERSONS


CHAPTER VIII. OBSCENE PUBLICATIONS

1. Protocol to amend the Convention for the suppression of the circulation of, and traffic in, obscene publications, concluded at Geneva on 12 September 1923. Lake Success, New York, 12 November 1947


CHAPTER IX. HEALTH


3. Agreement on the establishment of the International Vaccine Institute. New York, 28 October 1996


CHAPTER X. INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT

1.a. General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade. Geneva, 30 October 1947

1.c. Agreement on most-favoured-nation treatment for areas of Western Germany under military occupation. Geneva, 14 September 1948
1.d. Memorandum of understanding relative to application of the Agreement on most-favoured-nation treatment for areas of Western Germany under military occupation. Annecy, 13 August 1949
2. Agreement establishing the African Development Bank. Khartoum, 4 August 1963
2.a. Amendments to the Agreement establishing the African Development Bank. Abidjan, 17 May 1979
2.b. Agreement establishing the African Development Bank done at Khartoum on 4 August 1963, as amended by resolution 05-79 adopted by the Board of Governors on 17 May 1979. Lusaka, 7 May 1982
4. Agreement establishing the Asian Development Bank. Manila, 4 December 1965
5. Articles of Association for the establishment of an Economic Community of West Africa, Accra, 4 May 1967
11. Charter of the Asian and Pacific Development Centre. Bangkok, 1 April 1982
14. Agreement to establish the South Centre. Geneva, 1 September 1994
19. Multilateral Agreement for the Establishment of an International Think Tank for Landlocked Developing Countries. New York, 24 September 2010

CHAPTER XI. TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS

A. CUSTOMS MATTERS

5. International Convention to Facilitate the Importation of Commercial Samples and Advertising Material. Geneva, 7 November 1952

B. Road Traffic
2. Protocol concerning countries or territories at present occupied. Geneva, 19 September 1949
5. European Agreement on the application of article 3 of annex 7 of the 1949 Convention on Road Traffic Concerning the Dimensions and Weights of Vehicles Permitted to Travel on Certain Roads of the Contracting Parties. Geneva, 16 September 1950
6. European Agreement on the application of article 23 of the 1949 Convention on road traffic, concerning the dimensions and weights of vehicles permitted to travel on certain roads of the Contracting Parties. Geneva, 16 September 1950
7. Declaration on the construction of main international traffic arteries. Geneva, 16 September 1950
8. General Agreement on Economic Regulations for International Road transport
8.a. Additional Protocol
14.b. Protocol amending article 1 (a), article 14 (1) and article 14 (3) (b) of the European Agreement of 30 September 1957 concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Geneva, 28 October 1993
15. European Agreement on Road Markings. Geneva, 13 December 1957
16. Agreement concerning the Adoption of Uniform Technical Prescriptions for Wheeled Vehicles, Equipment and Parts which can be fitted and/or be used on Wheeled Vehicles and the Conditions for Reciprocal Recognition of Approvals Granted on the Basis of These Prescriptions. Geneva, 20 March 1958
17. Agreement on Special Equipment for the Transport of Perishable Foodstuffs and on the Use of such Equipment for the International Transport of some of those Foodstuffs. Geneva, 15 January 1962
20. Convention on Road Signs and Signals. Vienna, 8 November 1968
22. Agreement on the International Carriage of Perishable Foodstuffs and on the Special Equipment to be used for such Carriage (ATP). Geneva, 1 September 1970
25. Protocol on Road Markings, additional to the European Agreement supplementing the Convention on Road Signs and Signals opened for signature at Vienna on 8 November 1968. Geneva, 1 March 1973
27. Agreement on minimum requirements for the issue and validity of driving permits (APC), Geneva, 1 April 1975
28. European Agreement on main international traffic arteries (AGR), Geneva, 15 November 1975
28.a. Amendments to Article 9 of the European Agreement on main international traffic arteries (AGR), Geneva, 29 March 2007
30. Convention on Civil Liability for Damage caused during Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road, Rail and Inland Navigation Vessels (CRTD), Geneva, 10 October 1989
31. Agreement concerning the Adoption of Uniform Conditions for Periodical Technical Inspections of Wheeled Vehicles and the Reciprocal Recognition of such Inspections. Vienna, 13 November 1997
31.2. Rule No. 2. Uniform provisions for periodical technical inspections of wheeled vehicles with regard to their roadworthiness. Geneva, 13 November 2009
32. Agreement concerning the Establishing of Global Technical Regulations for Wheeled Vehicles, Equipment and Parts which can be fitted and/or be used on Wheeled Vehicles. Geneva, 25 June 1998
33. Agreement on International Roads in the Arab Mashreq. Beirut, 10 May 2001
34. Intergovernmental Agreement on the Asian Highway Network. Bangkok, 18 November 2003

C. Transport by Rail
1. International Convention to facilitate the crossing of frontiers for passengers and baggage carried by rail. Geneva, 10 January 1952
2. International Convention to facilitate the crossing of frontiers for goods carried by rail. Geneva, 10 January 1952
3. European Agreement on Main International Railway Lines (AGC), Geneva, 31 May 1985
4. Agreement on International Railways in the Arab Mashreq. Beirut, 14 April 2003
5. Intergovernmental Agreement on the Trans-Asian Railway Network. Jakarta, 12 April 2006

D. Water Transport
2. Convention on the contract for the international carriage of passengers and luggage by inland waterway (CVN), Geneva, 6 February 1976

E. Multimodal Transport

CHAPTER XII. Navigation

CHAPTER XIII. Economic Statistics

CHAPTER XIV. Educational and Cultural Matters
2. Agreement on the importation of educational, scientific and cultural materials. Lake Success, New York, 22 November 1950
6. International Agreement for the Establishment of the University for Peace. New York, 5 December 1980
7. Statutes of the International Centre for Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology. Madrid, 13 September 1983
9. Amendments to Articles 6 (6) and 7(1) of the Statutes of the International Centre for Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology. Trieste, Italy, 3 December 1996

CHAPTER XV. Declaration of Death of Missing Persons

CHAPTER XVI. Status of Women

CHAPTER XVII. Freedom of Information
CHAPTER XVIII. PENAL MATTERS

2. Slavery Convention, signed at Geneva on 25 September 1926 and amended by the Protocol. New York, 7 December 1953
4. Supplementary Convention on the Abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade, and Institutions and Practices Similar to Slavery. Geneva, 7 September 1956
10.a. Amendment to article 8 of the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court. Kampala, 10 June 2010
10.b. Amendments on the crime of aggression to the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court. Kampala, 11 June 2010

CHAPTER XIX. COMMODITIES

17. Agreement establishing the Southeast Asia Tin Research and Development Centre. Bangkok, 28 April 1977
23. Sixth International Tin Agreement. Geneva, 26 June 1981
25.g. Fourth Extension of the International Coffee Agreement, 1983, as modified. London, 1 October 1993

CHAPTER XX. MAINTENANCE OBLIGATIONS


CHAPTER XXI. LAW OF THE SEA


CHAPTER XXII. COMMERCIAL ARBITRATION

CHAPTER XXIII. LAW OF TREATIES

CHAPTER XXIV. OUTER SPACE
1. Convention on registration of objects launched into outer space. New York, 12 November 1974
2. Agreement governing the Activities of States on the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies. New York, 5 December 1979

CHAPTER XXV. TELECOMMUNICATIONS
2.a. Amendment to article 11, paragraph 2 (a), of the Constitution of the Asia-Pacific Telecommunity. Bangkok, 13 November 1981
2.b. Amendments to articles 3 (5) and 9 (8) of the Constitution of the Asia-Pacific Telecommunity. Colombo, 29 November 1991
2.c. Amendments to the Constitution of the Asia-Pacific Telecommunity. New Delhi, 23 October 2002
3. Agreement establishing the Asia-Pacific Institute for Broadcasting Development. Kuala Lumpur, 12 August 1977
3.a. Amendments to the Agreement establishing the Asia-Pacific Institute for Broadcasting Development. Islamabad, 21 July 1999

CHAPTER XXVI. DISARMAMENT
1. Convention on the prohibition of military or any other hostile use of environmental modification techniques. New York, 10 December 1976
2.c. Amendment to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons which may be deemed to be Excessively Injurious or to have Indiscriminate Effects. Geneva, 21 December 2001
7. Central African Convention for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons, their Ammunition and all Parts and Components that can be used for their Manufacture, Repair and Assembly. Kinshasa, 30 April 2010


CHAPTER XXVII. ENVIRONMENT

   1.b. Protocol to the 1979 Convention on Long-range Transboundary Air Pollution on the Reduction of Sulphur Emissions or their Transboundary Fluxes by at least 30 per cent. Helsinki, 8 July 1985
   1.c. Protocol to the 1979 Convention on long-range transboundary air pollution concerning the control of emissions of nitrogen oxides or their transboundary fluxes. Sofia, 31 October 1988
   1.h. Protocol to the 1979 Convention on Long-range Transboundary Air Pollution to Abate Acidification, Eutrophication and Ground-level Ozone. Gothenburg (Sweden), 30 November 1999
   1.k. Amendment of the text and annexes II to IX to the Protocol to the 1979 Convention on Long-range Transboundary Air Pollution to Abate Acidification, Eutrophication and Ground-level Ozone and the addition of new annexes X and XI. Geneva, 4 May 2012

   2.a. Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. Montreal, 16 September 1987
   2.b. Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. London, 29 June 1990
   2.c. Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. Copenhagen, 25 November 1992
   2.d. Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. Montreal, 17 September 1997
   2.e. Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. Beijing, 3 December 1999


   4.c. Amendment to the Convention on Environmental Impact Assessment in a Transboundary Context. Cavtat, 4 June 2004


   7.c. Doha amendment to the Kyoto Protocol. Doha, 8 December 2012

9.a. Amendment to the Agreement on the conservation of small cetaceans of the Baltic, North East Atlantic, Irish and North Seas. Esbjerg, 22 August 2003

CHAPTER XXVIII. FISCAL MATTERS


CHAPTER XXIX. MISCELLANEOUS

1. Agreement on Succession Issues. Vienna, 29 June 2001

LEAGUE OF NATIONS MULTILATERAL TREATIES

1. International Convention concerning the Use of Broadcasting in the Cause of Peace. Geneva, 23 September 1936
2. Special Protocol concerning Statelessness. The Hague, 12 April 1930
3. Protocol relating to a Certain Case of Statelessness. The Hague, 12 April 1930
19. Declaration recognising the Right to a Flag of States having no Sea-coast. Barcelona, 20 April 1921
22. International Convention relating to the Simplification of Customs Formalities. Geneva, 3 November 1923
31. Agreement concerning Maritime Signals. Lisbon, 23 October 1930
32. Convention relating to the Non-Fortification and Neutralisation of the Åland Islands. Geneva, 20 October 1921
33. Agreement concerning Manned Lightships not on their Stations. Lisbon, 23 October 1930