No. 12951

MULTILATERAL


Authentic texts: English, French, Chinese, Russian and Spanish.
Registered ex officio on 1 January 1974.

MULTILATÉRAL

Accord international de 1973 sur le sucre (avec annexes). Conçu à Genève le 13 octobre 1973

Textes authentiques: anglais, français, chinois, russe et espagnol.
Enregistré d’office le 1er janvier 1974.
CHAPTER I. OBJECTIVES

Article 1. OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this International Sugar Agreement (hereinafter referred to as the Agreement) are to further international co-operation in sugar matters and to provide a framework for the preparation of negotiations of an agreement having objectives similar to the objectives of the International Sugar Agreement, 1968,\(^1\) which took into account the recommendations contained in the Final Act of the first session of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (hereinafter referred to as UNCTAD) and which were as follows:

\(^1\) Came into force provisionally in respect of the following States on 1 January 1974, the date by which Governments representing at least 50 per cent of the total net exports set out in annex A, and Governments representing at least 40 per cent of the total net imports set out in annex B had deposited with the Secretary-General of the United Nations their instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval, or a notification to the effect that they would apply the Agreement provisionally, in accordance with article 36 (2):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Importing (*) or exporting State</th>
<th>Date of deposit of the instrument of ratification, acceptance (A), approval (AA), or of the notification (n)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Algeria*</td>
<td>21 Dec. 1973 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Argentina</td>
<td>19 Dec. 1973 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>19 Dec. 1973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barbados</td>
<td>28 Dec. 1973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brazil</td>
<td>26 Dec. 1973 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada*</td>
<td>31 Dec. 1973 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chile*</td>
<td>6 Dec. 1973 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuba</td>
<td>19 Dec. 1973 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Czechoslovakia</td>
<td>27 Dec. 1973 AA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dominican Republic</td>
<td>19 Dec. 1973 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiji</td>
<td>27 Dec. 1973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finland*</td>
<td>21 Dec. 1973 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guatemala</td>
<td>27 Dec. 1973 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guyana</td>
<td>31 Dec. 1973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hungary</td>
<td>28 Dec. 1973 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indonesia</td>
<td>21 Dec. 1973 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jamaica</td>
<td>31 Dec. 1973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan*</td>
<td>27 Dec. 1973 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malawi</td>
<td>28 Dec. 1973 n</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Subsequently instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval, or notifications of provisional application were deposited with the Secretary-General of the United Nations as follows, in accordance with articles 33, 34 and 35:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Date of deposit of the instrument of ratification, acceptance (A), approval (AA), or of the notification (n)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>4 Jan. 1974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Costa Rica</td>
<td>9 Jan. 1974 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>German Democratic Republic (*)</td>
<td>15 Jan. 1974 AA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Singapore</td>
<td>16 Jan. 1974 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangladesh</td>
<td>21 Jan. 1974 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yugoslavia</td>
<td>21 Jan. 1974 n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ghana</td>
<td>22 Jan. 1974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colombia</td>
<td>29 Jan. 1974 n</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) See p. 212 and 213 of this volume for the text of the declarations made upon ratification, acceptance, approval or notification of provisional application.


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(a) to raise the level of international trade in sugar, particularly in order to increase the export earnings of developing exporting countries;
(b) to maintain a stable price for sugar which will be reasonably remunerative to producers, but which will not encourage further expansion of production in developed countries;
(c) to provide adequate supplies of sugar to meet the requirements of importing countries at fair and reasonable prices;
(d) to increase sugar consumption and in particular to promote measures to encourage consumption in countries where consumption per caput is low;
(e) to bring world production and consumption of sugar into closer balance;
(f) to facilitate the co-ordination of sugar marketing policies and the organization of the market;
(g) to provide for adequate participation in, and growing access to, the markets of the developed countries for sugar from the developing countries;
(h) to observe closely developments in the use of any form of substitutes for sugar, including cyclamates and other artificial sweeteners; and
(i) to further international co-operation in sugar questions.

CHAPTER II. DEFINITIONS

Article 2. DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of the Agreement:

1. "Organization" means The International Sugar Organization referred to in article 3;
2. "Council" means The International Sugar Council established by article 3;
3. "Member" means

(a) a Contracting Party to the Agreement, other than a Contracting Party with a notification under paragraph 1 (b) of article 38 currently in effect, or
(b) a territory or group of territories in respect of which a notification has been made under paragraph 3 of article 38;

4. "Exporting Member" means any Member which is listed as such in annex A of the Agreement, or which is given the status of an exporting Member upon becoming a Contracting Party to the Agreement;
5. "Importing Member" means any Member which is listed as such in annex B of the Agreement, or which is given the status of an importing Member upon becoming a Contracting Party to the Agreement;
6. "Special vote" means a vote requiring at least two thirds of the votes cast by exporting Members present and voting and at least two thirds of the votes cast by importing Members present and voting;
7. "Distributed simple majority vote" means a vote cast by at least half of the number of exporting Members present and voting and by at least half of the number of importing Members present and voting, and consisting of more than half of the total votes of Members in each category present and voting;
8. "Financial year" means the calendar year;
9. "Sugar" means sugar in any of its recognized commercial forms derived from sugar cane or sugar beet, including edible and fancy molasses, syrups and any other form of liquid sugar used for human consumption, but does not include final molasses or low grade types of non-centrifugal sugar produced by primitive methods or sugar destined for uses other than human consumption as food;
10. "Entry into force" is to be read as meaning the date on which the Agreement enters into force provisionally or definitively, as provided for in article 36;

11. Any reference in the Agreement to a "Government invited to the United Nations Sugar Conference, 1973" shall be construed as including a reference to the European Economic Community (hereinafter referred to as the EEC). Accordingly any reference in the Agreement to "signature of the Agreement" or to the "deposit of an instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession" by a Government shall, in the case of the EEC, by construed as including signature on behalf of the EEC by its competent authority and the deposit of the instrument required by the institutional procedures of the EEC to be deposited for the conclusion of an international agreement.

CHAPTER III. THE INTERNATIONAL SUGAR ORGANIZATION, ITS MEMBERSHIP AND ADMINISTRATION

Article 3. Continuation, Headquarters and Structure of The International Sugar Organization

1. The International Sugar Organization established under the International Sugar Agreement, 1968, shall continue in being for the purpose of administering the present Agreement and supervising its operation, with the membership, powers and functions set out in this Agreement.

2. The headquarters of the Organization shall be in London unless the Council decides otherwise by special vote.

3. The Organization shall function through the International Sugar Council, its Executive Committee, its Executive Director and its staff.

Article 4. Membership of the Organization

1. Each Contracting Party shall constitute a single Member of the Organization, except as otherwise provided in paragraphs 2 or 3 of this article.

2. (a) When a Contracting Party makes a notification under paragraph 1 (a) of article 38 declaring that the Agreement shall extend to a developing territory or territories which wish to participate in the Agreement, there may be, with the express consent and approval of those concerned, either:
   (i) joint membership for that Contracting Party together with these territories, or
   (ii) when that Contracting Party has made a notification under paragraph 3 of article 38, separate membership, singly, all together or in groups for the territories that would individually constitute an exporting Member and separate membership for the territories that would individually constitute an importing Member.

   (b) When a Contracting Party makes a notification under paragraph 1 (b) and a notification under paragraph 3 of article 38 there shall be separate membership as set out in sub-paragraph (a) (ii) above.

3. A Contracting Party which has made a notification under paragraph 1 (b) of article 38 and has not withdrawn that notification shall not be a Member of the Organization.
Article 5. Composition of the International Sugar Council

1. The highest authority of the Organization shall be the International Sugar Council, which shall consist of all the Members of the Organization.

2. Each Member shall be represented by a representative and, if it so desires, by one or more alternates. A Member may also appoint one or more advisers to its representative or alternates.

Article 6. Powers and Functions of the Council

1. The Council shall exercise all such powers and perform or arrange for the performance of all such functions as are necessary to carry out the express provisions of the Agreement.

2. The Council shall adopt by special vote such rules and regulations as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the Agreement and are consistent therewith, including Rules of Procedure for the Council and its committees and the financial and staff regulations of the Organization. The Council may, without meeting, decide specific questions.

3. The Council shall keep such records as are required to perform its functions under the Agreement and such other records as it considers appropriate.

4. The Council shall publish an annual report and such other information as it considers appropriate.

Article 7. Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Council

1. For each calendar year the Council shall elect from among the delegations a Chairman and a Vice-Chairman, who shall not be paid by the Organization.

2. The Chairman and the Vice-Chairman shall be elected, one from among the delegations of the importing Members and the other from among those of the exporting Members. Each of these offices shall, as a general rule, alternate each calendar year between the two categories of Members; provided, however, that this shall not prevent the re-election under exceptional circumstances of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman or both when the Council so decides by special vote. In the case of such re-election of either officer, the rule set out in the first sentence of this paragraph shall continue to apply.

3. In the temporary absence of both the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman or the permanent absence of one or both, the Council may elect from among the delegations new officers, temporary or permanent as appropriate, taking account of the principle of alternating representation set out in paragraph 2 of this article.

4. Neither the Chairman nor any other officer presiding at meetings of the Council shall vote. He may, however, appoint another person to exercise the voting rights of the Member which he represents.

Article 8. Sessions of the Council

1. As a general rule, the Council shall hold one regular session in each half of the calendar year.

2. In addition to meeting in the other circumstances specifically provided for in the Agreement, the Council shall meet in special session whenever it so decides or on the request of:
   (a) any five Members; or
(b) Members having at least 250 votes; or
(c) the Executive Committee.

3. Notice of sessions shall be given to Members at least thirty days in advance, except in case of emergency when such notice shall be given at least ten days in advance, and except where the provisions of the Agreement prescribe a different period.

4. Sessions shall be held at the headquarters of the Organization unless the Council decides otherwise by special vote. If any Member invites the Council to meet elsewhere than at its headquarters, that Member shall pay the additional costs involved.

**Article 9. Votes**

1. The exporting Members shall together hold 1,000 votes and the importing Members shall hold 1,000 votes.
2. No Member shall hold more than 200 votes or less than 5 votes.
3. There shall be no fractional vote.
4. The total 1,000 votes of exporting Members shall be distributed among them pro rata to the weighted average, in each case, of (a) their net free market exports, (b) their total net exports and (c) their total production. The figures to be used for that purpose shall be, for each factor, the highest figure in any year in the period 1968 to 1972 inclusive. In calculating the weighted average for each exporting Member, a weight of 50 per cent shall be allocated to the first factor and a weight of 25 per cent to each of the other two factors.
5. The total of 1,000 votes of the importing Members shall be distributed among them on the following bases (the statistics to be used shall be those of the calendar year 1972):
   (a) 700 votes on the basis of each Member’s share in net imports from the free market; and,
   (b) 300 votes on the basis of each Member’s share in total special arrangement imports.
6. The Council shall, taking into account paragraph 3 of this article, establish in the rules and regulations described in article 6 appropriate procedures to ensure that no Member receives more than the maximum number of votes or less than the minimum number of votes permitted under this article.
7. At the beginning of each calendar year, the Council shall, on the basis of the formulae referred to in paragraphs 4 and 5 of this article, establish the distribution of votes within each category of Members which shall remain in force during that calendar year, except in so far as is provided in paragraph 8 of this article.
8. Whenever the membership of the Organization changes or when any Member is suspended from its voting rights or recovers its voting rights under any provision of the Agreement, the Council shall re-distribute the total votes within each category of Members on the basis of the formulae referred to in paragraphs 4 and 5 of this article.

**Article 10. Voting Procedure of the Council**

1. Each Member shall be entitled to cast the number of votes it holds and cannot divide its votes. It may, however, cast differently from such votes any votes which it is authorized to case under paragraph 2 or this article.
2. By informing the Chairman in writing, any exporting Member may authorize any other exporting Member, and any importing Member may authorize any other importing Member, to represent its interests and to cast its votes at any meeting or meetings of the Council. A copy of such authorizations shall be examined by any credentials committee that may be set up under the Rules of Procedure of the Council.

Article 11. Decisions of the Council

1. All decisions of the Council shall be taken and all recommendations shall be made by distributed simple majority vote, unless the Agreement provides for a special vote.

2. In arriving at the number of votes necessary for any decision of the Council, votes of Members abstaining shall not be reckoned. Where a Member avails itself of the provisions of paragraph 2 of article 10 and its votes are cast at a meeting of the Council, such Member shall, for the purpose of paragraph 1 of this article, be considered as present and voting.

3. Members undertake to accept as binding all decisions of the Council under the provisions of the Agreement.

Article 12. Co-operation with Other Organizations

1. The Council shall make whatever arrangements are appropriate for consultation or co-operation with the United Nations and its organs, in particular UNCTAD, and with the Food and Agriculture Organization and such other Specialized Agencies of the United Nations and inter-governmental organizations as may be appropriate.

2. The Council, bearing in mind the particular role of UNCTAD in international commodity trade, shall as appropriate keep UNCTAD informed of its activities and programmes of work.

3. The Council may also make whatever arrangements are appropriate for maintaining effective contact with international organizations of sugar producers, traders and manufacturers.

Article 13. Admission of Observers

1. The Council may invite any non-Member that is a Member of the United Nations, of any of its Specialized Agencies or of the International Atomic Energy Agency to attend any of its meetings as an Observer.

2. The Council may also invite any of the organizations referred to in paragraph 1 of article 12 to attend any of its meetings as an Observer.

Article 14. Composition of the Executive Committee

1. The Executive Committee shall consist of eight exporting Members and eight importing Members, who shall be elected for each calendar year in accordance with article 15 and may be re-elected.

2. Each member of the Executive Committee shall appoint one representative and may appoint in addition one or more alternates and advisers.

3. The Executive Committee shall elect its Chairman for each calendar year. He shall not have the right to vote and may be re-elected.
4. The Executive Committee shall meet at the headquarters of the Organization, unless it decides otherwise. If any Member invites the Executive Committee to meet elsewhere than at the headquarters of the Organization, that Member shall pay the additional costs involved.

Article 15. ELECTION OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

1. The exporting and importing members of the Executive Committee shall be elected in the Council by the exporting and the importing Members of the Organization respectively. The election within each category shall be held in accordance with paragraphs 2 to 7 inclusive of this article.

2. Each Member shall cast all the votes to which it is entitled under article 9 for a single candidate. A Member may cast for another candidate any votes which it exercises pursuant to paragraph 2 of article 10.

3. The eight candidates receiving the largest number of votes shall be elected; however, no candidates shall be elected on the first ballot unless it receives at least 70 votes.

4. If less than eight candidates are elected on the first ballot, further ballots shall be held in which only Members which did not vote for any of the candidates elected shall have the right to vote. In each further ballot, the minimum number of votes required for election shall be successively diminished by five until the eight candidates are elected.

5. Any Members which did not vote for any of the members elected may subsequently assign its votes to one of them subject to paragraphs 6 and 7 of this article.

6. A member shall be deemed to have received the number of votes originally cast for it when it was elected and, in addition, the number of votes assigned to it, provided that the total number of votes shall not exceed 299 for any member elected.

7. If the votes deemed received by an elected member would otherwise exceed 299 Members which voted for or assigned their votes to such elected member shall arrange among themselves for one or more of them to withdraw their votes from that member and assign or re-assign them to another elected member so that the votes received by each elected member shall not exceed the limit of 299.

8. If a member of the Executive Committee is suspended from the exercise of its voting rights under any of the relevant provisions of the Agreement, each Member which has voted for it or assigned its votes to it in accordance with the provisions of this article may, during such time as that suspension is in force, assign its votes to any other member of the Committee in its category, subject to the provisions of paragraph 6 of this article.

9. In special circumstances, and after consultation with the member of the Executive Committee for which it voted or to which it assigned its votes in accordance with the provisions of this article, a Member may withdraw its votes from that member for the remainder of the calendar year. That member may then assign these votes to another member of the Executive Committee in its category but may not withdraw these votes from that other member for the remainder of that year. The member of the Executive Committee from which the votes have been withdrawn shall retain its seat on the Executive Committee for the remainder of that year. Any action taken pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph shall become effective after the Chairman of the Executive Committee has been informed in writing thereof.
Article 16. Delegation of Powers by the Council to the Executive Committee

1. The Council, by special vote, may delegate to the Executive Committee the exercise of any or all of its powers, other than the following:

(a) location of the headquarters of the Organization under paragraph 2 of article 3;
(b) approval of the administrative budget and assessment of contributions under article 22;
(c) decision of disputes under article 29;
(d) suspension of voting and other rights of a Member under paragraph 3 of article 30;
(e) request to the Secretary-General of UNCTAD under article 31;
(f) exclusion of a Member from the Organization under article 40;
(g) extension of the Agreement under article 42;
(h) recommendation of amendments under article 43.

2. The Council may at any time revoke any delegation of powers to the Executive Committee.

Article 17. Voting Procedure and Decisions of the Executive Committee

1. Each member of the Executive Committee shall be entitled to cast the number of votes received by it under the provisions of article 15, and cannot divide these votes.

2. Any decisions taken by the Executive Committee shall require the same majority as that decision would require if taken by the Council.

3. Any Member shall have the right of appeal to the Council, under such conditions as the Council shall prescribe in its Rules of Procedure, against any decision of the Executive Committee.

Article 18. Quorum for the Council and the Executive Committee

1. The quorum for any meeting of the Council shall be the presence of more than half of all exporting Members of the Organization and more than half of all importing Members of the Organization, the Members thus present holding at least two thirds of the total votes of all Members in their respective categories. If there is no quorum on the day appointed for the opening of any Council session, or if in the course of any Council session there is no quorum at three successive meetings, the Council shall be convened seven days later; at that time, and throughout the remainder of that session, the quorum shall be the presence of more than half of all exporting members of the Organization and more than half of all importing members of the Organization, the Members thus present representing more than half of the total votes of all Members in their respective categories. Representation in accordance with paragraph 2 of article 10 shall be considered as presence.

2. The quorum for any meeting of the Executive Committee shall be the presence of more than half of all exporting members of the Committee and more than half of all importing members of the Committee, the members thus present representing at least two thirds of the total votes of all members of the Committee in their respective categories.
Article 19. The Executive Director and the staff

1. The Council, after having consulted the Executive Committee, shall appoint the Executive Director by special vote. The terms of appointment of the Executive Director shall be fixed by the Council in the light of those applying to corresponding officials of similar intergovernmental organizations.

2. The Executive Director shall be the chief administrative officer of the Organization and shall be responsible for the performance of any duties devolving upon him in the administration of the Agreement.

3. The Executive Director shall appoint the staff in accordance with regulations established by the Council. In framing such regulations the Council shall have regard to those applying to officials of similar intergovernmental organizations.

4. Neither the Executive Director nor any member of the staff shall have any financial interest in the sugar industry or sugar trade.

5. The Executive Director and the staff shall not seek or receive instructions regarding their duties under the Agreement from any Member or from any authority external to the Organization. They shall refrain from any action which might reflect on their position as international officials responsible only to the Organization. Each Member shall respect the exclusively international character of the responsibilities of the Executive Director and the staff and shall not seek to influence them in the discharge of their responsibilities.

CHAPTER IV. PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

Article 20. Privileges and immunities

1. The Organization shall have legal personality. It shall in particular have the capacity to contract, acquire and dispose of movable and immovable property and to institute legal proceedings.

2. The status, privileges and immunities of the Organization in the territory of the United Kingdom shall continue to be governed by the Headquarters Agreement between the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the International Sugar Organization signed at London on 29 May 1969.1

3. If the seat of the Organization is moved to a country which is a Member of the Organization, that Member shall, as soon as possible, conclude with the Organization an agreement to be approved by the Council relating to the status, privileges and immunities of the Organization, of its Executive Director, its staff and experts and of representatives of Members while in that country for the purpose of exercising their functions.

4. Unless any other taxation arrangements are implemented under the agreement envisaged in paragraph 3 of this article and pending the conclusion of that agreement, the new host Member shall:
   (a) grant exemption from taxation on the remuneration paid by the Organization to its employees, except that such exemption need not apply to its own nationals; and
   (b) grant exemption from taxation on the assets, income and other property of the Organization.

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5. If the seat of the Organization is to be moved to a country which is not a Member of the Organization, the Council shall, before that move, obtain a written assurance from the Government of that country

(a) that it shall, as soon as possible, conclude with the Organization an agreement as described in paragraph 3 of this article; and

(b) that, pending the conclusion of such an agreement, it shall grant the exemptions provided for in paragraph 4 of this article.

6. The Council shall endeavour to conclude the agreement described in paragraph 3 of this article with the Government of the country to which the seat of the Organization is to be moved before transferring the seat.

CHAPTER V. FINANCE

Article 21. Finance

1. The expenses of delegations to the Council, representatives on the Executive Committee and representatives on any of the committees of the Council or of the Executive Committee shall be met by the Members concerned.

2. The expenses necessary for the administration of the Agreement shall be met by annual contributions from Members, assessed in accordance with article 22. If, however, a Member requests special services, the Council may require that Member to pay for them.

3. Appropriate accounts shall be kept for the administration of the Agreement.

Article 22. Determination of the Administrative Budget and Assessment of Contributions

1. During the second half of each financial year, the Council shall approve the administrative budget of the Organization for the following financial year and shall assess the contribution of each Member to that budget.

2. The contribution of each Member to the administrative budget for each financial year shall be in the proportion which the number of its votes at the time the administrative budget for that financial year is approved bears to the total votes of all the Members. In assessing contributions, the votes of each Member shall be calculated without regard to the suspension of any Member's voting rights or any redistribution of votes resulting therefrom.

3. The initial contribution of any Member joining the Organization after the entry into force of the Agreement shall be assessed by the Council on the basis of the number of votes to be held by it and the period remaining in the current financial year as well as for the following financial year if that Member joins the Organization between the adoption of the budget for, and the beginning of, that year, but assessments made upon other Members shall not be altered.

4. If the Agreement comes into force more than eight months before the beginning of the first full financial year of the Organization, the Council shall at its first session approve an administrative budget covering the period up to the commencement of the first full financial year. Otherwise, the first administrative budget shall cover both the initial period and the first full financial year.

Article 23. Payment of Contributions

1. Members undertake, in accordance with their respective constitutional procedures, to pay their contributions to the administrative budget for each
financial year. Contributions to the administrative budget for each financial year shall be payable in freely convertible currency and shall become due on the first day of that financial year; contributions of Members in respect of the calendar year in which they join the Organization shall be due on the date on which they became Members.

2. If, at the end of four months following the date on which its contribution is due in accordance with paragraph 1 of this article, a Member has not paid its full contribution to the administrative budget, the Executive Director shall request the Member to make payment as quickly as possible. If, at the expiration of two months after the request of the Executive Director, the Member has still not paid its contribution, its voting rights in the Council and in the Executive Committee shall be suspended until such time as it has made full payment of the contribution.

3. A Member whose voting rights have been suspended under paragraph 2 of this article shall not be deprived of any of its other rights or relieved of any of its obligations under the Agreement, unless the Council so decides by special vote. It shall remain liable to pay its contribution and to meet any other of its financial obligations under the Agreement.

Article 24. Audit and Publication of Accounts

As soon as possible after the close of each financial year, the financial statements of the Organization for that financial year, certified by an independent auditor, shall be presented to the Council for approval and publication.

CHAPTER VI. General Undertakings by Members

Article 25. Undertaking by Members

1. Members undertake to adopt such measures as are necessary to enable them to fulfil their obligations under the Agreement and fully to co-operate with one another in securing the attainment of the objectives of the Agreement.

2. Members undertake to make available and supply all such statistics and information as the Rules of Procedure may prescribe as necessary to enable the Organization to discharge its functions under the Agreement.

Article 26. Labour Standards

Members shall ensure that fair labour standards are maintained in their respective sugar industries and, as far as possible, shall endeavour to improve the standard of living of agricultural and industrial workers in the various branches of sugar production, and of growers of sugar cane and of sugar beet.

CHAPTER VII. Annual Review and Measures to Encourage Consumption

Article 27. Annual Review

1. The Council shall each calendar year review developments in the sugar market and their effects on the economies of individual countries.

2. The report of each annual review shall be published in such form and manner as the Council may decide.
Article 28. Measures to Encourage Consumption

1. Bearing in mind the relevant objectives of the Final Act of the first session of UNCTAD, each Member shall take such action as it deems appropriate to encourage the consumption of sugar and to remove any obstacles which restrict the growth of sugar consumption. In so doing, each Member shall have regard to the effects on sugar consumption of customs duties, internal taxes and fiscal charges and quantitative or other controls, and to all other important factors relevant to an assessment of the situation.

2. Each Member shall periodically inform the Council of the measures it has adopted under paragraph 1 of this article, and of their effects.

3. The Council shall establish a Sugar Consumption Committee composed of both exporting and importing Members.

4. The Committee shall study such matters as:
   (a) the effects on sugar consumption of the use of any form of substitutes for sugar, including other sweeteners;
   (b) the relative tax treatment of sugar and other sweeteners;
   (c) the effects of (i) taxation and restrictive measures, (ii) economic conditions and in particular balance of payments difficulties and (iii) climatic and other conditions, on the consumption of sugar in different countries;
   (d) means of promoting consumption, particularly in countries where consumption per caput is low;
   (e) co-operation with agencies concerned with the expansion of consumption of sugar and other related foodstuffs;
   (f) research into new uses of sugar, its by-products and the plants from which it is derived,
and shall submit to the Council such recommendations as it deems desirable for appropriate action by Members or by the Council.

CHAPTER VIII. DISPUTES AND COMPLAINTS

Article 29. Disputes

1. Any dispute concerning the interpretation or application of the Agreement which is not settled among the Members involved shall, at the request of any Member party to the dispute, be referred to the Council for decision.

2. In any case where a dispute has been referred to the Council under paragraph 1 of this article, a majority of Members holding not less than one third of the total votes may require the Council, after discussion to seek the opinion of an advisory panel constituted under paragraph 3 of this article on the issue in dispute before giving its decision.

3. (a) Unless the Council unanimously agrees otherwise, the panel shall consist of five persons as follows:
   (i) two persons, one having wide experience in matters of the kind in dispute and the other having legal standing and experience, nominated by the exporting Members;
   (ii) two such persons nominated by the importing Members; and
   (iii) a Chairman selected unanimously by the four persons nominated under (i) and (ii) or, if they fail to agree, by the Chairman of the Council.
(b) Nationals of Members and of non-Members shall be eligible to serve on the advisory panel.

(c) Persons appointed to the advisory panel shall act in their personal capacities and without instructions from any Government.

(d) The expenses of the advisory panel shall be paid by the Organization.

4. The opinion of the advisory panel and the reasons therefor shall be submitted to the Council, and the Council, after considering all the relevant information, shall decide the dispute by special vote.

Article 30. Action by the Council on Complaints and on Non-fulfilment of Obligations by Members

1. Any complaint that any Member has failed to fulfil its obligations under the Agreement shall, at the request of the Member making the complaint, be referred to the Council which, subject to prior consultation with the Members concerned, shall make a decision on the matter.

2. Any finding by the Council that a Member is in breach of its obligations under the Agreement shall be made by a distributed simple majority vote and shall specify the nature of the breach.

3. Whenever the Council, whether as the result of a complaint or otherwise, finds that a Member has committed a breach of the Agreement it may, without prejudice to such other measures as are specifically provided for in other articles of the Agreement, by special vote:

(a) suspend that Member's voting rights in the Council and in the Executive Committee; and, if it deems it necessary,

(b) suspend further rights of such Member, including that of being eligible for, or of holding office in the Council or in any of its Committees until it has fulfilled its obligations; or, if such breach significantly impairs the operation of the Agreement,

(c) take action under article 40.

CHAPTER IX. PREPARATIONS FOR A NEW AGREEMENT

Article 31. Preparations for a New Agreement

1. The Council shall initiate an early study of the bases and framework of a new international sugar agreement and shall make a report to the Members not later than 31 December 1974. The report shall contain such recommendations as the Council deems appropriate.

2. On the basis of the report referred to in paragraph 1 of this article, or of any subsequent report based on a similar study by the Council, the Council shall, as soon as it considers appropriate, request the Secretary-General of UNCTAD to convene a negotiating conference.

CHAPTER X. FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 32. Signature

Article 33. Ratification

The Agreement shall be subject to ratification, acceptance or approval by the signatory Governments in accordance with their respective constitutional procedures. Except as provided in article 34, instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval shall be deposited with the Secretary-General of the United Nations not later than 31 December 1973.

Article 34. Notification by Governments

1. If a signatory Government is unable to comply with the requirements of article 33 within the time-limit specified in that article, it may notify the Secretary-General of the United Nations, not later than 31 December 1973, that it is undertaking to seek ratification, acceptance or approval in accordance with the constitutional procedures required, as rapidly as possible and in any case not later than 15 October 1974. Any Government for which conditions of accession have been established by the Council in agreement with that Government may also notify the Secretary-General of the United Nations that it is undertaking to satisfy the constitutional procedures required to accede to the Agreement as rapidly as possible and at least within a six-month period of such conditions being established.

2. Any Government which has given a notification in accordance with paragraph 1 of this article may, if the Council is satisfied that it cannot deposit its instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession within the time-limit referred to in that paragraph which is relevant to that Government, be permitted to deposit such instrument by a later specified date, provided that in the case of a signatory Government such date shall not be later than 15 April 1975.

3. Any Government which has given a notification in accordance with paragraph 1 shall have the status of an Observer until either:

(a) it deposits an instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession;
(b) the time-limit for its deposit of such an instrument has elapsed; or
(c) it indicates that it will apply the Agreement provisionally, whichever occurs earliest.

Article 35. Indication to apply the Agreement provisionally

1. Any Government which gives a notification pursuant to article 34 may also indicate in its notification, or at any time thereafter, that it will apply the Agreement provisionally.

2. During any period the Agreement is in force, either provisionally or definitively, a Government indicating that it will apply the Agreement provisionally shall be a provisional Member of the Organization until it deposits its instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, and thus becomes a Contracting Party to the Agreement, or the time limit for the deposit of its instrument in accordance with article 34 has elapsed, whichever is earlier.

Article 36. Entry into force

1. The Agreement shall enter definitively into force on 1 January 1974, or on any date within the following six months, if by that date Governments, representing at least 50 per cent of the total net exports set out in annex A, and Governments, representing at least 40 per cent of the total net imports set out in annex B, have
deposited their instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval with the Secretary-General of the United Nations. It shall also enter definitively into force at any time thereafter if it is provisionally in force and these percentage requirements are satisfied by the deposit of instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession.

2. The Agreement shall enter provisionally into force on 1 January 1974, or on any date within the following six months, if by that date Governments satisfying the percentage requirements of paragraph 1 of this article have deposited their instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval, or have indicated that they will apply the Agreement provisionally.

3. On 1 January 1974, or on any date within the following twelve months and at the end of each subsequent six-month period during which the Agreement is provisionally in force, the Governments of any of those countries which have deposited instruments of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession may decide to put the Agreement definitively into force among themselves in whole or in part. These Governments may also decide that the Agreement shall enter provisionally into force, or continue provisionally in force, or lapse.

Article 37. Accession

Any Government invited to the United Nations Sugar Conference, 1973, and any other Government that is a Member of the United Nations, or any of its Specialized Agencies or of the International Atomic Energy Agency may accede to the Agreement upon conditions that shall be established by the Council in agreement with the Government seeking accession. Accession shall be effected by the deposit of an instrument of accession with the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

Article 38. Territorial Application

1. Any Government may, at the time of signature or deposit of an instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession or at any time thereafter, by notification to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, declare that the Agreement
   (a) shall also extend to any of the developing territories for whose international relations it is for the time being ultimately responsible and which has notified the Government concerned that it wishes to participate in the Agreement; or
   (b) shall extend only to any of the developing territories for whose international relations it is for the time being ultimately responsible and which has notified the Government concerned that it wishes to participate in the Agreement, and the Agreement shall extend to the territories named therein from the date of such notification if the Agreement has already entered into force for that Government or, if the notification has been made prior thereto, on the date on which the Agreement enters into force for that Government. Any Government which has made a notification under paragraph 1 (b) may subsequently withdraw that notification and may make a notification or notifications to the Secretary-General of the United Nations under paragraph 1 (a).

2. When a territory to which the Agreement has been extended under paragraph 1 of this article subsequently assumes responsibility for its international relations the Government of that territory may, within ninety days after the
assumption of responsibility for its international relations, declare by notification to
the Secretary-General of the United Nations that it has assumed the rights and
obligations of a Contracting Party to the Agreement. It shall, as from the date of
such notification, become a Party to the Agreement.

3. Any Contracting Party which desires to exercise its rights under article 4 in
respect of any of the territories for whose international relations it is for the time
being ultimately responsible may do so by making a notification to that effect to the
Secretary-General of the United Nations, either at the time of the deposit of its
instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, or at any later time.

4. Any Contracting Party which has made a notification under paragraph 1 (a)
or 1 (b) of this article may at any time thereafter, by notification to the Secretary-
General of the United Nations, declare in accordance with the wishes of the
territory that the Agreement shall cease to extend to the territory named in the
notification, and the Agreement shall cease to extend to such territory from the date
of such notification.

5. A Contracting Party which has made a notification under paragraph 1 (a)
or 1 (b) of this article shall remain ultimately responsible for the performance of
obligations under the Agreement by territories which in accordance with the
provisions of this article and of article 4 are separate Members of the Organization,
unless and until such territories make a notification under paragraph 2 of this
article.

Article 39. Withdrawal

1. Any Member may withdraw from the Agreement at any time after the first
year it is in force by giving written notice of withdrawal to the Secretary-General of
the United Nations.

2. Withdrawal under this article shall be effective ninety days after the receipt
of the notice by the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

Article 40. Exclusion

If the Council finds that any member is in breach of its obligations under the
Agreement and decides further that such failure significantly impairs the operation
of the Agreement, it may, by special vote, exclude such Member from the
Organization. The Council shall immediately notify the Secretary-General of the
United Nations of any such decision. Ninety days after the date of the Council's
decision, that Member shall cease to be a Member of the Organization and, if such
Member is a Contracting Party, a Party to the Agreement.

Article 41. Settlement of accounts with
withdrawing or excluded Members

1. The Council shall determine any settlement of accounts with a withdrawing
or excluded Member. The Organization shall retain any amounts already paid by a
withdrawing or excluded Member, and such Member shall remain bound to pay
any amounts due from it to the Organization at the time the withdrawal or exclusion
becomes effective; provided, however, that in the case of a Contracting Party which
is unable to accept an amendment and consequently ceases to participate in the
Agreement under the provisions of paragraph 2 of article 43, the Council may
determine any settlement of accounts which it finds equitable.
2. A Member which has withdrawn or been excluded from, or has otherwise ceased to participate in, the Agreement shall not be entitled to any share of the proceeds of liquidation or the other assets of the Organization; nor shall it be burdened with any part of the deficit, if any, of the Organization upon termination of the Agreement.

Article 42. Duration and Extension

1. The present Agreement shall remain in force until and including 31 December 1975.

2. However, if a new international sugar agreement is negotiated as envisaged by article 31 and enters into force before that date, the present Agreement shall terminate upon entry into force of the new agreement.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1 of this article, the Council may, after 31 December 1974, extend the present Agreement until and including 31 December 1976 by special vote. The Council may subsequently further extend the Agreement on a year to year basis. Notwithstanding the provisions of article 11, extensions by the Council under this article will be dealt with by each member in accordance with its constitutional procedures.

4. If a new international sugar agreement is negotiated as envisaged by article 31 and enters into force during any period of extension, the present Agreement, as extended, shall terminate upon the entry into force of the new agreement.

Article 43. Amendment

1. The Council may, by special vote, recommend an amendment of the Agreement to the Contracting Parties. The Council may fix a time after which each Contracting Party shall notify the Secretary-General of the United Nations of its acceptance of the amendment. The amendment shall become effective one hundred days after the Secretary-General of the United Nations has received notifications of acceptance from Contracting Parties holding at least 850 of the total votes of exporting Members and representing at least three-quarters of those Members and from Contracting Parties holding at least 800 of the total votes of importing Members and representing at least three-quarters of those Members or on such later date as the Council by special vote may have determined. The Council may fix a time within which each Contracting Party shall notify the Secretary-General of the United Nations of its acceptance of the amendment and, if the amendment has not become effective by such time, it shall be considered withdrawn. The Council shall provide the Secretary-General with the information necessary to determine whether the notifications of acceptance received are sufficient to make the amendment effective.

2. Any Member on behalf of which notification of acceptance of an amendment has not been made by the date on which such amendment becomes effective shall as of that date cease to participate in the Organization. If, however, notification is made to the Secretary-General of the United Nations on behalf of such Member before the effective date of the amendment that its acceptance cannot be secured in time because of difficulties in completing the required constitutional procedures, but that the Member undertakes to apply the amendment provisionally, that
Member shall continue to participate in the Organization. Until the Secretary-General of the United Nations has been notified that such Member accepts the amendment, it shall be provisionally bound by that amendment.

Article 44. Notification by the Secretary-General of the United Nations

The Secretary-General of the United Nations shall notify all States Members of the United Nations, of any of its Specialized Agencies or of the International Atomic Energy Agency of each signature, of each deposit of an instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, of each notification under article 34, and of each indication under article 35, and of the dates on which the Agreement comes provisionally or definitively into force. The Secretary-General shall notify all Contracting Parties of each notification under article 38, of each notice of withdrawal under article 39, of each exclusion under article 40, of the date on which an amendment becomes effective or is considered withdrawn under paragraph 1 of article 43, and of any cessation of participation in the Organization under paragraph 2 of article 43.

In witness whereof the undersigned, having been duly authorized to this effect by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement on the dates appearing opposite their signatures.

The texts of this Agreement in the Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish languages shall all be equally authentic. The originals shall be deposited in the archives of the United Nations, and the Secretary-General shall transmit certified copies thereof to each signatory or acceding Government.
ANNEX A

Classification for the purposes of article 36

EXPORTERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Net Exports (1,000 M.T.)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Argentina</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>2,298</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bolivia</td>
<td>42</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brazil</td>
<td>2,638</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colombia</td>
<td>203</td>
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<tr>
<td>Congo</td>
<td>40</td>
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<tr>
<td>Costa Rica</td>
<td>105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuba</td>
<td>5,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Czechoslovakia</td>
<td>123</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dominican Republic</td>
<td>1,141</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ecuador</td>
<td>96</td>
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<tr>
<td>El Salvador</td>
<td>134</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiji</td>
<td>290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guatemala</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Honduras</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hungary</td>
<td>35</td>
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<td>India</td>
<td>266</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indonesia</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Madagascar</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malawi</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mauritius</td>
<td>650</td>
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<td>Mexico</td>
<td>598</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nicaragua</td>
<td>120</td>
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<td>Panama</td>
<td>38</td>
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<td>Paraguay</td>
<td>13</td>
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<tr>
<td>Peru</td>
<td>481</td>
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<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
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<tr>
<td>Poland</td>
<td>310</td>
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<tr>
<td>Romania</td>
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<td>South Africa</td>
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<tr>
<td>Swaziland</td>
<td>189</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thailand</td>
<td>439</td>
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<tr>
<td>Uganda</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Venezuela</td>
<td>160</td>
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<tr>
<td>West Indies</td>
<td>883</td>
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<tr>
<td>Barbados</td>
<td>(101)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Guyana</td>
<td>(320)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jamaica</td>
<td>(279)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trinidad and Tobago</td>
<td>(183)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>19,488</strong></td>
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</table>
ANNEX B

Classification for the purposes of article 36

IMPORTERS

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<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Net Imports (1,000 M.T.)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>Bangladesh</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bulgaria</td>
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<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>939</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chile</td>
<td>230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finland</td>
<td>136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>German Democratic Republic</td>
<td>145</td>
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<td>Ghana</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iraq</td>
<td>245</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ivory Coast</td>
<td>72</td>
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<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>2,744</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kenya</td>
<td>89</td>
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<td>Korea, Rep. of</td>
<td>221</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lebanon</td>
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<td>Malaysia</td>
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<td>Malta</td>
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<td>Morocco</td>
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<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
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<td>Nigeria</td>
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<tr>
<td>Norway</td>
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<td>Portugal</td>
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<tr>
<td>Singapore</td>
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<td>Sweden</td>
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<td>Switzerland</td>
<td>247</td>
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<tr>
<td>Syria</td>
<td>134</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States of America</td>
<td>4,960</td>
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<tr>
<td>USSR</td>
<td>1,860</td>
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<tr>
<td>Yugoslavia</td>
<td>295</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>European Economic Community*</td>
<td>380</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total** 14,299

* Without prejudice to status under the Agreement in the event of participation in it.
FOR AFGHANISTAN:
POUR L'AFGHANISTAN:
阿富汗:
За Афганистан:
POR EL AFGANISTÁN:

FOR ALBANIA:
POUR L'ALBANIE:
阿尔巴尼亚:
За Албанио:
POR ALBANIA:

FOR ALGERIA:
POUR L'ALGÉRIE:
阿尔及利亚:
За Алжир:
POR ARGELIA:

A. RAHAL
le 21 décembre 1973

FOR ARGENTINA:
POUR L'ARGENTINE:
阿根廷:
За Аргентину:
POR LA ARGENTINA:

C. ORTIZ DE ROZAS
19 de diciembre de 1973¹

For Australia:
Pour l'Australie:
澳大利亚:
За Австралию:
Por Australia:

L. Rupert McIntyre
19 December 1973

For Austria:
Pour l'Autriche:
奥地利:
За Австрию:
Por Austria:

For the Bahamas:
Pour les Bahamas:
巴哈马:
За Багамские острова:
Por las Bahamas:

For Bahrain:
Pour Bahreïn:
巴林:
За Бахрейн:
Por Bahrein:

For Bangladesh:
Pour le Bangladesh:
孟加拉国:
За Бангладеш:
Por Bangladesh:

S. A. Karim
24 December 1973
Permanent Observer of Bangladesh to the U.N.
FOR BARBADOS:
POUR LA BARBADE:
巴巴多斯:
За Барбадос:
POR BARBADOS:

W. E. WALDROW RAMSEY — Barbados
21 December 1973

FOR BELGIUM:
POUR LA BELGIQUE:
比利时:
За Бельгию:
POR BÉLGICA:

FOR BHUTAN:
POUR LE BHOUTAN:
不丹:
За Бутан:
POR BHUTAN:

FOR BOLIVIA:
POUR LA BOLIVIE:
玻利维亚:
За Боливию:
POR BOLIVIA:

JULIO DE ZAVALA URRIOLAGOITIA
December 21 - '73

FOR BOTSWANA:
POUR LE BOTSWANA:
博茨瓦纳:
За Ботсвана:
POR BOTSWANA:
FOR BRAZIL:
POUR LE BRÉSIL:
巴西:
За Бразилию:
Por el Brasil:

SÉRGIO ARMANDO FRAZÃO
December 18, 1973

FOR BULGARIA:
POUR LA BULGARIE:
保加利亚:
За Болгарию:
Por Bulgaria:

FOR BURMA:
POUR LA BIRMANIE:
缅甸:
За Бирму:
Por Birmania:

FOR BURUNDI:
POUR LE BURUNDI:
布隆迪:
За Бурунди:
Por Burundi:

FOR THE BYELORUSSIAN SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLIC:
POUR LA RÉPUBLIQUE SOCIALISTE SOVIÉTIQUE DE BIÉLORUSSIE:
白俄罗斯社会主义共和国:
За Белорусскую Советскую Социалистическую Республику:
Por la República Socialista Soviética de Bielorussia:
FOR CAMEROON:
POUR LE CAMEROUN:
喀麦隆:
За Камерун:
Por el Camerún:

MICHEL NJINE
21 décembre 1973

FOR CANADA:
POUR LE CANADA:
加拿大:
За Канаду:
Por el Canadá:

SAUL F. RAE
December 14, 1973

FOR THE CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC:
POUR LA RÉPUBLIQUE CENTRAFRICaine:
中非共和国:
За Центральноафриканскую Республику:
Por la República Centroafricana:

FOR CHAD:
POUR LE TCHAD:
乍得:
За Чад:
Por el Chad:
For Chile:
Pour le Chili:
智利:
За Чили:
Por Chile:

Raúl Bazán Dávila
6 de Diciembre de 1973

For China:
Pour la Chine:
中国:
За Китай:
Por China:

For Colombia:
Pour la Colombie:
哥伦比亚:
За Колумбию:
Por Colombia:

A. Caicedo Ayerbe
Dec. 21 de 1973

For the Congo:
Pour le Congo:
刚果
За Конго:
Por el Congo:

Nicolas Mondjo
24 décembre 1973

For Costa Rica:
Pour le Costa Rica:
哥斯达黎加:
За Коста-Рику:
Por Costa Rica:

FD. SALAZAR
Dec. 21 - 1973

For Cuba:
Pour Cuba:
古巴:
За Кубу:
Por Cuba:

Alarcon1
Diciembre 19 / 19732

For Cyprus:
Pour Chypre:
塞浦路斯:
За Кипр:
Por Chipre:

For Czechoslovakia:
Pour la Tchécoslovaquie:
捷克斯洛伐克:
За Чехословакию:
Por Checoslovaquia:

Dr. Ladislav Šmid1
21st December 1973

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1 See p. 210 of this volume for the texts of the declarations made upon signature — Voir p. 210 du présent volume pour les textes des déclarations faites lors de la signature.
FOR DAHOMEY:
POUR LE DAHOMEY:
达 荷美:
За Дагомеи:
POR EL DAHOMEY:

FOR THE DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE’S REPUBLIC OF KOREA:
POUR LA RÉPUBLIQUE POPULAIRE DÉMOCRATIQUE DE CORÉE:
朝鮮民主主義人民共和國:
За Корейскую Народно-Демократическую Республику:
POR LA REPÚBLICA POPULAR DEMOCRÁTICA DE COREA:

FOR DEMOCRATIC YEMEN:
POUR LE YÉMEN DÉMOCRATIQUE:
民主也门:
За Демократический Йемен:
POR EL YEMEN DEMOCRÁTICO:

FOR DENMARK:
POUR LE DANEMARK:
丹麦:
За Дания:
POR DINAMARCA:

FOR THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC:
POUR LA RÉPUBLIQUE DOMINICANE:
多米尼加共和国:
За Доминиканскую Республику:
POR LA REPÚBLICA DOMINICANA:

Dr. DOMINICI
Dec. 19 1973
FOR ECUADOR:
Pour l'Equateur:
厄瓜多尔:
Эквадор:
Por el Ecuador:

MARIO ALEMÁN
December 21 / 73

FOR EGYPT:
Pour l'Egypte:
埃及:
Эгипет:
Por Egipto:

FOR EL SALVADOR:
Pour El Salvador:
萨尔瓦多:
Сальвадор:
Por El Salvador:

Dr. Rosales
19 December 1973

FOR EQUATORIAL GUINEA:
Pour la Guinée équatoriale:
赤道几内亚:
Экваториальную Гвинею:
Por Guinea Ecuatorial:

FOR ETHIOPIA:
Pour l'Ethiopie:
埃塞俄比亚:
Эфиопию:
Por Etiopia:
FOR FIJI:
Pour Fidji:
斐济:
За Фиджи:
Por Fijí:

S. K. Sikivou
21st Dec., 1973

FOR FINLAND:
Pour la Finlande:
芬兰:
За Финляндию:
Por Finlandia:

Aarno Karhilo
21 Dec 1973

FOR FRANCE:
Pour la France:
法国:
За Францию:
Por Francia:

FOR GABON:
Pour le Gabon:
加蓬:
За Габон:
Por el Gabón:

FOR GAMBIA:
Pour la Gambie:
冈比亚:
За Гамбию:
Por Gambia:
FOR THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC:
POUR LA RÉPUBLIQUE DÉMOCRATIQUE ALLEMANDE:
德意志民主共和国:
За Германскую Демократическую Республику:
POR LA REPÚBLICA DEMOCRÁTICA ALEMANA:

D. HUCKE
24th December 1973

FOR GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF:
POUR L'ALLEMAGNE, RÉPUBLIQUE FÉDÉRALE D':
德意志联邦共和国:
За Федеративную Республику Германию:
POR ALEMANIA, REPÚBLICA FEDERAL DE:

FOR GHANA:
POUR LE GHANA:
加纳:
За Гану:
POR GHANA:

F. E. BOATEN
21st December 1973

FOR GREECE:
POUR LA GRÈCE:
希腊:
За Грецию:
POR GRECIA:

FOR GUATEMALA:
POUR LE GUATEMALA:
危地马拉:
За Гватемалу:
POR GUATEMALA:

R. MONTES
Nov/23/73
FOR GUINEA:
POUR LA GUINÉE:
几内亚:
За Гвинею:
POR GUINEA:

FOR GUYANA:
POUR LA GUYANE:
圭亚那:
За Гвинею:
POR GUYANA:

MILES STOBY
24th December 1973

FOR HAITI:
POUR HAÏTI:
海地:
За Ганти:
POR HAÏTI:

FOR THE HOLY SEE:
POUR LE SAINT-SIÈGE:
教廷:
За Святейший престол:
POR LA SANTA SEDÈ:

FOR HONDURAS:
POUR LE HONDURAS:
洪都拉斯:
За Гондурас:
POR HONDURAS:
FOR HUNGARY:
Pour la Hongrie:
匈牙利:
Зa Венгрию:
Por Hungría:

K. Szarka
21/12/73

FOR ICELAND:
Pour l'Islande:
冰岛:
Зa Исландию:
Por Islandia:

FOR INDIA:
Pour l'Inde:
印度:
Зa Индию:
Por la India:

FOR INDONESIA:
Pour l'Indonésie:
印度尼西亚:
Зa Индонезию:
Por Indonesia:

Y. Soegamo
12/20 - 73

FOR IRAN:
Pour l'Iran:
伊朗:
Зa Иран:
Por el Irán:

See p. 211 of this volume for the texts of the declarations made upon signature — Voir p. 211 du présent volume pour les textes des déclarations faites lors de la signature.
For Iraq:
FOR IRAQ:
POUR L'IRAK:
伊拉克:
За Ирак:
POR EL IRAK:

W. ZAHAWIE
24 December 1973

For Ireland:
FOR IRELAND:
POUR L'IRLANDE:
爱尔兰:
За Ирландию:
POR IRLANDA:

For Israel:
FOR ISRAEL:
POUR ISRAËL:
以色列:
За Израиль:
POR ISRAEL:

For Italy:
FOR ITALY:
POUR L'ITALIE:
意大利:
За Италию:
POR ITALIA:

For the Ivory Coast:
FOR THE IVORY COAST:
POUR LA CÔTE-D'IVOIRE:
象牙海岸:
За Берег Слоновой Кости:
POR LA COSTA DE MARFIL:
For Jamaica:
Pour la Jamaïque:
牙买加:
За Ямайку:
Por Jamaica:

D. O. Mills
19th December 1973

For Japan:
Pour le Japon:
日本:
За Японию:
Por el Japón:

Shizuo Saito
21st December, 1973

For Jordan:
Pour la Jordanie:
约旦:
За Иорданию:
Por Jordania:

For Kenya:
Pour le Kenya:
肯尼亚:
За Кению:
Por Kenya:

J. Odero-Jowi
18th Dec. 1973

For the Khmer Republic:
Pour la République khmère:
高棉共和国:
За Кхмерскую Республику:
Por la República Khmer:
FOR KUWAIT:
POUR LE KOWEIT:
科威特:
За Кувейт:
Pora KUWAIT:

FOR LAOS:
POUR LE LAOS:
老挝:
За Лаос:
Pora LAOS:

FOR LEBANON:
POUR LE LIBAN:
黎巴嫩:
За Ливан:
Pora EL LİBAİMO:

FOR LESOTHO:
POUR LE LESOTHO:
莱索托:
За Лесото:
Pora LESOTHO:

FOR LIBERIA:
POUR LE LIBÉRIA:
利比里亚:
За Либерию:
Pora LIBERIA:

E. GHORRA
18 Dec. 1973

12951
For the Libyan Arab Republic:
Pour la République arabe libyenne:
阿拉伯利比亚共和国:
За Ливийскую Арабскую Республику:
Por la República Arabe Libia:

For Liechtenstein:
Pour le Liechtenstein:
列支敦士登:
За Лихтенштейн:
Por Liechtenstein:

For Luxembourg:
Pour le Luxembourg:
卢森堡:
За Люксембург:
Por Luxemburgo:

For Madagascar:
Pour Madagascar:
马达加斯加:
За Мадагаскар:
Por Madagascar:

B. Rabetafika
24 décembre 1973

For Malawi:
Pour le Malawi:
马拉维:
За Малави:
Por Malawi:

R. B. Mbaya
December 5, 1973
FOR MALAYSIA:
Pour la Malaisie:
马来西亚:
За Малайскую Федерацию:
Por Malasia:

H. M. A. Zakaria
20th December 1973

FOR THE MALDIVES:
Pour les Maldives:
馬尔代夫:
За Мальдивы:
Por las Maldivas:

FOR MALI:
Pour le Mali:
马里:
За Мали:
Por Malí:

FOR MALTA:
Pour Malte:
马耳他:
За Мальту:
Por Malta:

FOR MAURITANIA:
Pour la Mauritanie:
毛里塔尼亚:
За Мавританию:
Por Mauritania:
For Mauritius:
Pour Maurice:
毛里求斯:
За Маврикий:
Por Mauricio:

R. K. Ramphul
Dec. 12th 1973

For Mexico:
Pour le Mexique:
墨西哥:
За Мексику:
Por México:

R. García Robles
19 December 1973

For Monaco:
Pour Monaco:
摩纳哥:
За Монако:
Por Mónaco:

For Mongolia:
Pour la Mongolie:
蒙古:
За Монголию:
Por Mongolia:

For Morocco:
Pour le Maroc:
摩洛哥:
За Марокко:
Por Marruecos:

Mehdi Mrani Zentar*
24/12/73

* Transliteration — Translitération.
For Nauru:
Pour Nauru:
瑙鲁：
За Нару：
Por Nauru:

For Nepal:
Pour le Népal:
尼泊尔：
За Непал：
Por Nepal:

For the Netherlands:
Pour les Pays-Bas:
荷兰：
За Нидерланды：
Por los Países Bajos:

For New Zealand:
Pour la Nouvelle-Zélande:
新西兰：
За Новую Зеландию：
Por Nueva Zelanda:

J. C. Templeton
24 December 73

For Nicaragua:
Pour le Nicaragua:
尼加拉瓜：
За Никарагуа：
Por Nicaragua:

Guillermo Lang
17/12/73
For the Niger:
Pour le Niger:
尼日尔:
За Нигерп:
Por el Níger:

For Nigeria:
Pour la Nigéria:
尼日利亚:
За Нигерий:
Por Nigeria:

For Norway:
Pour la Norvège:
挪威:
За Норвегио:
Por Noruega:

For Oman:
Pour l'Oman :
阿曼:
За Оман:
Por Omán:

For Pakistan:
Pour le Pakistan:
巴基斯坦:
За Пакистан:
Por el Pakistán:

For Panama:
Pour le Panama:
巴拿马:
За Панамы:
Por Panamá:

A. E. Boyd
nov 29, '73.
For Paraguay:
Pour le Paraguay:
巴拉圭:
ЗаПарагвай:
Por el Paraguay:

Francisco M. Barreiro
21 diciembre 1973¹

For Peru:
Pour le Pérou:
秘鲁:
ЗаПеру:
Por el Perú:

J. Pérez de Cuéllar
21 diciembre 1973¹

For the Philippines:
Pour les Philippines:
菲律宾:
ЗаФилиппины:
Por Filipinas:

Narciso G. Reyes
21 December 1973

For Poland:
Pour la Pologne:
波兰:
ЗаПольшу:
Por Polonia:

Antoni Czarkowski
21 December 1973

For Portugal:
Pour le Portugal:
葡萄牙:
ЗаПортугалию:
Por Portugal:

António Augusto de Meideiros Patrício
30 novembre 1973

FOR QATAR:
Pour le Qatar:
卡塔尔:
За Катар:
Por Qatar:

FOR THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA:
Pour la République de Corée:
大韩民国:
За Корейскую Республику:
Por la República de Corea:

TONG JIN PARK*
Dec. 21, 1973

FOR THE REPUBLIC OF VIET-NAM:
Pour la République du Viet-Nam:
越南共和国:
За Республику Вьетнам:
Por la República de Viet-Nam:

FOR ROMANIA:
Pour la Roumanie:
罗马尼亚:
За Румынию:
Por Rumania:

FOR RWANDA:
Pour le Rwanda:
卢旺达:
За Руанду:
Por Rwanda:

* Transliteration — Translitération.
FOR SAN MARINO:
POUR SAINT-MARIN:
圣马力诺:
За Сан-Марино:
POR SAN MARINO:

FOR SAUDI ARABIA:
POUR L'ARABIE SAOUDITE:
沙特阿拉伯:
За Саудовскую Аравию:
POR ARABIA SAUDITA:

FOR SENEGAL:
POUR LE SÉNÉGAL:
塞内加尔:
За Сенегал:
POR EL SENEGAL:

FOR SIERRA LEONE:
POUR LE SIERRA LEONE:
塞拉利昂:
За Сьерра-Леоне:
POR SIERRA LEONA:

FOR SINGAPORE:
POUR SINGAPOUR:
新加坡:
За Сингапур:
POR SINGAPUR:

SHUNMUGAM JAYAKUMAR
20 December 1973

FOR SOMALIA:
POUR LA SOMALIE:
索马里:
За Сомали:
POR SOMALIA:
For South Africa:
Pour l'Afrique du Sud:
南非:
За Южную Африку:
Por Sudáfrica:

C. F. G. von Hirschberg
19 December 1973

For Spain:
Pour l'Espagne:
西班牙:
За Испанию:
Por España:

For Sri Lanka:
Pour Sri Lanka:
斯里兰卡:
За Шри Ланка:
Por Sri Lanka:

For the Sudan:
Pour le Soudan:
苏丹:
За Судан:
Por el Sudán:

For Swaziland:
Pour le Swaziland:
斯威士兰:
За Свазиленд:
Por Swazilandia:

N. M. Malinga
13th December, 1973
FOR SWEDEN:
POUR LA SUÈDE:
瑞典:
За Швецию:
Por Suecia:

OLOF RYDBECK
Dec. 12th 1973

FOR SWITZERLAND:
POUR LA SUISSE:
瑞士:
За Швейцарию:
Por Suiza:

FOR THE SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC:
POUR LA RÉPUBLIQUE ARABE SYRIENNE:
阿拉伯叙利亚共和国:
За Сирийскую Арабскую Республику:
Por la República Arabe Siria:

KELEH
18 December 1973

FOR THAILAND:
POUR LA THAÎLANDE:
泰国:
За Таиланд:
Por Tailandia:

ANAND PANYARACHUN
21 - XII - 73

FOR TOGO:
POUR LE TOGO:
多哥:
За Того:
Por el Togo:
For Tonga:
Pour les Tonga:
汤加:
За Тонга:
Por Tonga:

For Trinidad and Tobago:
Pour la Trinité-et-Tobago:
特立尼达和多巴哥:
За Тринидад и Тобаго:
Por Trinidad y Tabago:

E. Seignoret
24. 12. 73

For Tunisia:
Pour la Tunisie:
突尼斯:
За Тунис:
Por Túnez:

For Turkey:
Pour la Turquie:
土耳其:
За Турцию:
Por Turquía:

For Uganda:
Pour l'Ouganda:
乌干达:
За Уганда:
Por Uganda:

Grace S. K. Ibingera
21st Dec. 1973
FOR THE UKRAINIAN SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLIC:
Pour la République socialiste soviétique d'Ukraine:
Por la República Socialista Soviética de Ucrania:

Y.A. Malik*
21. XII. 73

FOR THE UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS:
Pour l'Union des Républiques socialistes soviétiques:
Por la Unión de República Socialistas Soviéticas:

FOR THE UNITED ARAB EMIRATES:
Pour les Émirats arabes unis:
Por los Emiratos Arabes Unidos:

DONALD MAITLAND
20 December 1973
FOR THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA:
Pour la République-Unie de Tanzanie:
坦桑尼亚联合共和国:
За Объединенную Республику Танзанию:
Por la República Unida de Tanzania:

FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:
Pour les États-Unis d'Amérique:
美利坚合众国:
За Соединенные Штаты Америки:
Por los Estados Unidos de América:

FOR THE UPPER VOLTA:
Pour la Haute-Volta:
上沃尔特:
За Верхнюю Вольту:
Por el Alto Volta:

FOR URUGUAY:
Pour l'Uruguay:
乌拉圭:
За Уругвай:
Por el Uruguay:

FOR VENEZUELA:
Pour le Venezuela:
委内瑞拉:
За Венесуэлу:
Por Venezuela:
FOR WESTERN SAMOA:
Pour le Samoa-Occidental:
西萨摩亚:
За Западное Самоа:
Por Samoa Occidental:

FOR YEMEN:
Pour le Yémen:
也门:
За Иемен:
Por el Yemen:

FOR YUGOSLAVIA:
Pour la Yougoslavie:
南斯拉夫:
За Югославию:
Por Yugoslavia:

Lazar Mojsov
4 December 1973

FOR ZAIRE:
Pour le Zaïre:
扎伊尔:
За Заир:
Por el Zaïre:

FOR ZAMBIA:
Pour la Zambie:
赞比亚:
За Замбию:
Por Zambia:
26 December 1973

"La República de Cuba considera que las disposiciones del artículo 38 del Convenio Internacional del Azúcar 1973, ya no son aplicables por ser contrarias a la Declaración sobre la concesión de la Independencia a los países y pueblos coloniales (Resolución 1514) hecha por la Asamblea General de las Naciones Unidas el 14 de diciembre de 1960 en la que se proclama la necesidad de poner fin rápida e incondicionalmente al colonialismo en todas sus formas y manifestaciones.

La ratificación de la República de Cuba al Convenio Internacional del Azúcar, 1973 no se podrá interpretar como el reconocimiento o aceptación a la República de Corea, incluida en el Anexo B del referido Convenio."

[TRANSLATION]

The Republic of Cuba considers that the provisions of article 38 of the International Sugar Agreement, 1973, are no longer applicable because they are contrary to the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples adopted by the United Nations General Assembly on 14 December 1960 (resolution 1514 (XV)), which proclaims the necessity of bringing to a speedy and unconditional end colonialism in all its forms and manifestations.

Ratification of the International Sugar Agreement, 1973, by the Republic of Cuba cannot be interpreted as recognition or acceptance of the Republic of Korea, which is referred to in annex B of the Agreement.
CZECHOSLOVAKIA

“(a) The provisions of articles 4 and 38, which are extending the Agreement to the territories for whose international relations any one of the Contracting Parties is responsible, are outmoded and contrary to the United Nations General Assembly’s Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples (General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960);

(b) In connection with the reference made in annex B of the Agreement to the Republic of Korea, the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic declares that the South Korean authorities cannot in any case speak on behalf of Korea.”

HUNGARY

“The Government of the Hungarian People’s Republic declares that the provisions of article 38 of the International Sugar Agreement, 1973, are contrary to United Nations General Assembly Resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960 on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples.”

3 May 1974

“(a) The provisions of the International Sugar Agreement, 1973 restricting the opportunity for certain States to participate in it are contrary to the generally-recognized principle of the sovereign equality of States;

“(b) The reference in annex B of the Agreement to the so-called Republic of Korea is illegal, since the South Korean authorities cannot speak on behalf of the whole of Korea.”

TCHÉCOSLOVAQUIE

[Traduction — Translation]


b) Pour ce qui est de la mention faite à l’annexe B de l’Accord de la République de Corée, la République socialiste tchécoslovaque déclare que les autorités sud-coréennes ne peuvent en aucun cas parler au nom de la Corée.

HONGRIE

[Traduction — Translation]


3 mai 1974

a) Les dispositions de l’Accord international sur le sucre de 1973 aux termes desquelles certains États ne peuvent pas devenir parties à l’Accord sont contraires au principe généralement reconnu de l’égalité souveraine des États;

b) La mention, dans l’annexe B de l’Accord, de la prétendue République de Corée est illégale, puisque les autorités sud-coréennes ne peuvent parler au nom de toute la Corée.


UNION OF SOVIET
SOCIALIST REPUBLICS

[RUSSIAN TEXT — TEXTE RUSSE]
«а) Положения статей 4 и 38 Соглашения относительно распространения прав и обязательств правительств по Соглашению на территории, за междупродные отношения которых они несут ответственность, являются устаревшими и противоречат декларации Генеральной Ассамблеи ООН о предоставлении не- зависимости колониальным странам и народам (резолюция Генеральной Ассамблеи ООН 1514/15 от 14 декабря 1960 года), провозгласившей необходимость незамедлительно и безоговорочно положить конец колониализму во всех его формах и проявлениях;
б) Положения Соглашения, ограничивающие возможность участия в нем некоторых государств, противоречат общепринятому принципу суверенного равенства государств;
в) Содержащееся в приложении «В» к Соглашению упоминание о так называемой Корейской Республике является неправомерным, поскольку южнокорейские власти не могут выступать от имени всей Кореи.»

[TRANSLATION]
(a) The provisions of articles 4 and 38 of the Agreement regarding the extension of the rights and obligations of Governments under the Agreement to territories for whose international relations they are responsible are outmoded and at variance with the Declaration of the United Nations General Assembly on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples (General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960) which proclaimed the necessity of bringing to a speedy and unconditional end colonialism in all its forms and manifestations;

(b) The provisions of the Agreement restricting the opportunity for certain States to participate in it are contrary to the generally recognized principle of the sovereign equality of States;

(c) The reference in the annex to the Agreement to the so-called Republic of Korea is illegal, since the South Korean authorities cannot speak on behalf of the whole of Korea.


b) Les dispositions de l’Accord qui limitent la possibilité pour certains États de participer audit Accord sont incompatibles avec le principe universellement admis de l’égalité souveraine des États;

c) La mention faite à l’annexe de l’Accord de la prétendue République de Corée est illégale, étant donné que les autorités sud-coréennes ne peuvent parler au nom de toute la Corée.

2 Ibid., vol. 399, p. 171.
3 Ibid., vol. 780, p. 182, and annex A in volume 791.
4 See p. 47 of this volume.
DECLARATIONS MADE UPON RATIFICATION, ACCEPTANCE (A), APPROVAL (AA) OR NOTIFICATION OF PROVISIONAL APPLICATION (n)

GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC


[TRANSLATION]

The position of the German Democratic Republic concerning the provisions of the Agreement relating to its application to colonial and other dependent territories is based on the provisions of the United Nations Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples (resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960),1 which proclaims the necessity of bringing to a speedy and unconditional end colonialism in all its forms and manifestations.

POLAND (n)

"The reference to the International Sugar Agreement in the annex to the so-called Republic of Korea is illegal since the authorities of South Korea cannot represent entire Korea."

UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS (n)

[For the text of the declaration, see p. 212 of this volume.]


[ITALIAN TEXT — TEXTE ITALIEN]

La République démocratique allemande fonde sa position envers les clauses de l'Accord concernant l'application dudit Accord aux territoires coloniaux et autres territoires dépendants sur les principes de la Déclaration de l'ONU sur l'octroi de l'indépendance aux pays et aux peuples coloniaux (résolution 1514 (XV) du 14 décembre 1960), qui proclame la nécessité de mettre rapidement et inconditionnellement fin au colonialisme sous toutes ses formes et dans toutes ses manifestations.

POLOGNE (n)

La référence à la prétendue République de Coré qui figure en l'annexe à l'Accord international sur le sucre est illégale, étant donné que les autorités de la Corée du Sud ne peuvent pas représenter la Corée tout entière.

UNION DES RÉPUBLIQUES SOCIALISTES SOVIÉTIQUES (n)

[Pour le texte de la déclaration, voir p. 212 du présent volume.]