

No. 521. CONVENTION ON THE PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES OF THE SPECIALIZED AGENCIES. APPROVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE UNITED NATIONS ON 21 NOVEMBER 1947¹

DECLARATION by NIGERIA

By a communication received on 26 June 1961, the Government of Nigeria notified the Secretary-General that it considers itself bound by the above-mentioned Convention, the application of which had been extended to its territory before the attainment of independence in respect of the following specialized agencies :

- World Health Organization (2nd revised text of annex VII)
- International Civil Aviation Organization
- International Labour Organisation
- Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations
- United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
- Universal Postal Union
- International Telecommunication Union
- World Meteorological Organization
- Inter-Governmental Maritime Consultative Organization

ACCESSION in respect of the International Telecommunication Union

Instrument deposited on:

29 June 1961

GABON

With the following statement :

[TRANSLATION — TRADUCTION]

...However, I wish to invite your attention to the fact that it is not possible for any Government fully to comply with the requirements of section 11 of that Convention in so far as it requires the specialized agency to enjoy in the territory of a state party to the Convention treatment not less favourable than that accorded by the Government of that state to any other Government in the matter of priorities and rates on telecommunications, unless and until all other Governments collaborate in according this treatment to the agency in question. It is understood that this matter is being discussed in the International Telecommunication Union.

¹ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, Vol. 33, p. 261; Vol. 43, p. 342; Vol. 46, p. 355; Vol. 51, p. 330; Vol. 71, p. 316; Vol. 76, p. 274; Vol. 79, p. 326; Vol. 81, p. 332; Vol. 84, p. 412; Vol. 88, p. 446; Vol. 90, p. 323; Vol. 91, p. 376; Vol. 92, p. 400; Vol. 96, p. 322; Vol. 101, p. 288; Vol. 102, p. 322; Vol. 109, p. 319; Vol. 110, p. 314; Vol. 117, p. 386; Vol. 122, p. 335; Vol. 127, p. 328; Vol. 131, p. 309; Vol. 136, p. 386; Vol. 161, p. 364; Vol. 168, p. 322; Vol. 171, p. 412; Vol. 175, p. 364; Vol. 183, p. 348; Vol. 187, p. 415; Vol. 193, p. 342; Vol. 199, p. 314; Vol. 202, p. 321; Vol. 207, p. 328; Vol. 211, p. 388; Vol. 216, p. 367; Vol. 221, p. 409; Vol. 231, p. 350; Vol. 275, p. 298; Vol. 276, p. 352; Vol. 277, p. 343; Vol. 280, p. 348; Vol. 282, p. 354; Vol. 286, p. 334; Vol. 299, p. 408; Vol. 300, p. 305; Vol. 301, p. 439; Vol. 302, p. 353; Vol. 304, p. 342; Vol. 308, p. 310; Vol. 309, p. 354; Vol. 310, p. 318; Vol. 314, p. 308; Vol. 316, p. 276; Vol. 317, p. 316; Vol. 320, p. 321; Vol. 323, p. 364; Vol. 325, p. 328; Vol. 327, p. 324; Vol. 330, p. 348; Vol. 337, p. 376; Vol. 338, p. 326; Vol. 344, p. 302; Vol. 345, p. 352; Vol. 349, p. 312; Vol. 355, p. 404; Vol. 359, p. 390; Vol. 369, p. 446; Vol. 371, p. 266; Vol. 372, p. 354; Vol. 374, p. 374; Vol. 375, p. 342; Vol. 376, p. 405; Vol. 380, p. 388; Vol. 381, p. 352; Vol. 383, p. 313; Vol. 384, p. 329; Vol. 387, p. 328; Vol. 397, and Vol. 398.