# 3. a) Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

# New York, 10 December 2008

**ENTRY INTO FORCE:** 5 May 2013, in accordance with article 18(1).

**REGISTRATION:** 5 May 2013, No. 14531.

STATUS: Signatories: 45. Parties: 24.

**TEXT:** Doc. A/63/435; C.N.869.2009.TREATIES-34 of 11 December 2009 (Rectification of the original of the Protocol (French authentic text) and transmission of the Proces-verbal).

*Note:* The above Optional Protocol was adopted on 10 December 2008 during the sixty-third session of the General Assembly by resolution A/RES/63/117. In accordance with article 17, the Optional Protocol shall be open for signature by any State that has signed, ratified or acceded to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights. The opening for signature was held on 24 September 2009 during the 2009 Treaty Event at the United Nations Headquarters in New York.

Participant S	Signature		Accession(a), Ratification		Participant	Signature		Accession(a), Ratification	
Angola2	4 Sep	2013			Honduras			16 Jan	2018 a
Argentina2	4 Sep	2009	24 Oct	2011	Ireland	23 Mar	2012		
Armenia2	9 Sep	2009			Italy	28 Sep	2009	20 Feb	2015
Azerbaijan2	25 Sep	2009			Kazakhstan	23 Sep	2010		
Belgium2	4 Sep	2009	20 May	2014	Luxembourg	24 Sep	2009	3 Feb	2015
Benin2	4 Sep	2013			Madagascar	25 Sep	2009		
Bolivia (Plurinational					Maldives	21 Sep	2011		
State of)1	2 Feb	2010	13 Jan	2012	Mali	24 Sep	2009		
Bosnia and	0 T 1	2010	10.1	2012	Mongolia	23 Dec	2009	1 Jul	2010
Herzegovina1		2010	18 Jan	2012	Montenegro	24 Sep	2009	24 Sep	2013
Burkina Faso2	•	2012	22.1	2014	Netherlands	24 Sep	2009		
Cabo Verde2	6 Sep	2011	23 Jun	2014	Niger			7 Nov	2014 a
Central African Republic			11 Oct	2016 a	North Macedonia	14 Aug	2013		
Chile2	A Sen	2009	11 000	2010 a	Paraguay	6 Oct	2009		
Congo	•	2009			Portugal	24 Sep	2009	28 Jan	2013
Costa Rica	_	2011	23 Sep	2014	San Marino			4 Aug	2015 a
Democratic Republic of	.о дрі	2011	23 SCP	2014	Senegal	24 Sep	2009		
the Congo2	3 Sep	2010			Slovakia	24 Sep	2009	7 Mar	2012
Ecuador2	_	2009	11 Jun	2010	Slovenia	24 Sep	2009		
El Salvador2	-	2009	20 Sep	2011	Solomon Islands	24 Sep	2009		
Finland2	-	2009	31 Jan	2014	Spain	24 Sep	2009	23 Sep	2010
France1	1 Dec	2012	18 Mar	2015	Timor-Leste	28 Sep	2009		
Gabon2		2009	1 Apr	2014	Togo	25 Sep	2009		
Ghana2	4 Sep	2009	1		Ukraine	24 Sep	2009		
Guatemala2	4 Sep	2009			Uruguay	24 Sep	2009	5 Feb	2013
Guinea-Bissau2		2009			Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	4 Oct	2011	10 Oct	2018

## **Declarations and Reservations**

# (Unless otherwise indicated, the declarations and reservations were made upon signature, accession or ratification.)

#### ARGENTINA1

On the occasion of its ratification of the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the Argentine Government recalls that on 3 October 1983 the Argentine Republic rejected the extension of the application of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights to the Malvinas Islands, South Georgia Islands and South Sandwich Islands.

The Argentine Government recalls that the Malvinas Islands, South Georgia Islands and South Sandwich Islands and the surrounding maritime areas are an integral part of the Argentine national territory and, being illegally occupied by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, are the subject of a sovereignty dispute between the two countries which is recognized by the

United Nations and other international organizations.

In this connection, the General Assembly of the United Nations has adopted resolutions 2065 (XX), 3160

(XXVIII), 31/49, 37/9, 38/12, 39/6, 40/21, 41/40, 42/19 and 43/25, in which the sovereignty dispute referred to as the "Question of the Malvinas Islands" is recognized and the Governments of the Argentine Republic and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland are urged to resume negotiations in order to find as soon as possible a peaceful and lasting solution to the dispute. Concurrently, the Special Committee on Decolonization of the United Nations has repeatedly affirmed this view. Also, the General Assembly of the Organization of American States adopted, on 24 June 2010, a new pronouncement, in similar terms, on the question.

In ratifying the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the Argentine Republic does so on the understanding that the system of communications provided for under that instrument does not apply to the right of peoples to selfdetermination in any context related to sovereignty disputes.

Declarations made under articles 10 and 11 (Unless otherwise indicated, the declarations were made upon ratification or accession.)

#### BELGIUM

The Kingdom of Belgium recognizes the competence of the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural

- to receive, in accordance with article 10 of the Optional Protocol, notifications from a State Party that another State Party is not fulfilling its obligations, or

- to conduct, in accordance with articles 11 and 12 of the Optional Protocol, an inquiry regarding serious and systematic violations by another State Party of one of the Economic, Social and Cultural Rights described in the Covenant.

#### EL SALVADOR

With respect to article 10, the Government of the Republic of El Salvador hereby declares that it recognizes the competence of the Committee on Economic, Social to receive and consider Cultural Rights communications to the effect that a State party claims that another State party is not fulfilling its obligations under the Covenant.

With respect to article 11, the Government of the Republic of El Salvador hereby declares that it recognizes

### **PORTUGAL**

"With respect to article 10, the Portuguese Republic hereby declares that it recognizes the competence of the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights to receive and consider communications to the effect that a the competence of the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights provided for under the article.

#### FINLAND

"The Republic of Finland declares that it recognizes the competence of the committee to receive and consider inter-state communications made against it provided for in article 10 of the Protocol and the competence of the committee concerning an inquiry procedure provided for in article 11 of the Protocol."

# SAN MARINO

Article 10
"With respect to article 10, the Republic of San Marino hereby declares that it recognizes the competence of the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights to receive and consider communications to the effect that a State Party claims that another State Party is not fulfilling its obligations under the Covenant...

Article [1 ... With respect to article 11, the Republic of San Marino hereby declares that it recognizes the competence of the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights provided for under this article."

State Party claims that another State Party is not fulfilling its obligations under the Covenant.

With respect to article 11, the Portuguese Republic hereby declares that it recognizes the competence of the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights provided for under this article."

#### Notes:

Communication by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland on 25 October 2012:

"The United Kingdom Mission to the United Nations [...] recalls the Declaration made by the Argentine Republic on its ratification of the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights on 24 October 2011, and the subject of a depositary notification dated 27 October 2011 (reference C.N.702.2011.TREATIES-8).

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland rejects the claims contained in the Declaration made by the Argentine Republic. In particular, the United Kingdom rejects the claim by the Argentine Republic to the territory of the Falkland Islands, South Georgia Islands and South Sandwich Islands and the surrounding maritime areas. The peaceful possession of these Islands and surrounding maritime areas by the United Kingdom cannot therefore be characterized as illegal occupation.

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland has no doubt about its sovereignty over the Falkland Islands, South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands and the surrounding maritime areas. The United Kingdom Government attaches great importance to the principle of self determination as set out in Article 1.2 of the Charter of the United Nations and Article 1 of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights. That principle underlies our position on the Falkland Islands.

The United Kingdom Mission to the United Nations requests that the Secretary-General circulate copies of this Note to the States to whom the Declaration of the Argentine Republic was circulated."