
2015 Treaty Event: Seventy years of multilateral treaty making at the United Nations

Daily Report

Monday, 28 September 2015

Today eleven (11) **treaty actions** were effected with the Secretary-General by eight (8) States; one (1) State participated at the level of **Head of State**, one (1) State participated at the level of **Head of Government** and four (4) States participated at the **ministerial level**.

There were a total of one (1) acceptance, three (3) accessions, four (4) ratifications, two (2) signatures, and one (1) withdrawal of reservation. A breakdown of the treaty actions is provided below:

Human Rights

- Convention on the Rights of the Child (New York, 20 November 1989) (Withdrawal of Reservation by Austria)
- Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict (New York, 25 May 2000) (Accession by Bahamas; Signature by Myanmar)
- Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography (New York, 25 May 2000) (Accession by Bahamas)
- Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a communications procedure (New York, 19 December 2011) (Ratification by Mongolia)
- Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (New York, 13 December 2006) (Ratification by Bahamas; Signature by Belarus)

Penal Matters

• Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children, supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime (New York, 15 November 2000) (Accession by Singapore)

Disarmament

• Arms Trade Treaty (New York, 2 April 2013) (Ratification by the Republic of Moldova)

Environment

- Doha Amendment to the Kyoto Protocol (Doha, 8 December 2012) (Acceptance by Algeria)
- Minamata Convention on Mercury (Kumamoto, 10 October 2013) (Ratification by Mongolia)
